

DRINK PURE WATER AND AVOID DISEASE.

CHEAVIN'S FILTERS STOCKED BY

C.E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

China Building. Tel. C. 369.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Dollar on Demand—2s. 0.9/10d.
Lighting-up Time—7.07 p.m.
High Water—4.08 p.m.
Low Water—11.13 p.m.

BUICK 1928.

Go over Buick, from headlight to tail-light. Go into every hidden detail. There you'll discover the secret of Buick's famous dependability and long life—sound, sturdy construction throughout.

THE DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.

Telephone C-1246-33 Weng Nai Chung Road.
Telephone C-3500-33 Des Voeux Road Central.

FOUNDED 1861 二拜禮 號二十月六英港香 TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1928.

PEKING LEGATION GUARDED.

THREAT TO KIDNAP PAO YU-LIN.

JAPANESE INCENSED OVER TREACHERY AFFAIR.

URGE STRONG ACTION.

Peking, June 11. Fresh developments are occurring here, following the incident in which the Kuomintang General, Han Fu-chu, went back on the pledge to allow General Pao Yu-lin's troops to march out to Manchuria with the honours of war, and which resulted in Pao's forces being made prisoner whilst Pao himself sought refuge in the Legation Quarter.

To-day, Marshal Yen Chi-shan and General Pei Chung-hsi arrived here, and the opinion is expressed in some quarters that this indicates that the Hankow forces may join Marshal Yen against Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang if the latter attempts to seize Peking and Tientsin, as appears likely at present.

Marshal Yen Chi-shan has appointed subordinate generals to maintain order at Taiyuan-fu, Pao-tung-fu, Chahar and Suaiyuan, thus indicating that he intends to remain here indefinitely.

It is learned that General Han Fu-chu kept Marshal Yen waiting in a shed near Headquarters, and then came in in his short sleeves and behaved in a most off-hand manner.

Kidnapping Plot.

Extra guards and sandbags were placed at the entrances to the Legation Quarter, and other precautions carried out, last night, owing to a report that an attempt might be made to kidnap General Pao Yu-lin, who is now staying at the Wagon Lits Hotel, but the night passed off quietly.

It is understood that the Japanese are desirous of very strong action being taken if an unsatisfactory reply is received from Nanking to the Diplomatic Body's Note, as they are incensed at the security treatment accorded by General Han Fu-chu to the Ministers on Saturday.—*Reuter.*

Truculent General.

It will be recalled that on Saturday, the British, American, Japanese and Dutch Ministers accompanied by military attaches in full uniform with Chinese Secretaries, went to the East Gate at Peking to attempt to settle the dispute between the Fengtien and Kuomintang forces.

When they arrived, they found that following the firing of a few shots during which there were no casualties, General Pao Yu-lin's forces had surrendered to overwhelming numbers of Kuomintang soldiers and had been disarmed. After protesting and attempting to arrange a settlement on the spot, the Ministers proceeded to Nanking and interviewed the Kuomintang General Han Fu-chu, who had previously agreed to allow Pao Yu-lin's troops to depart.

The Ministers urged him to keep his pledges, but Han Fu-chu was most truculent and declared it was no concern of foreigners. He was a military man and would settle it in a military way. The Ministers, after several hours of fruitless remonstrances, returned to Peking and later sent a strongly worded Note to the Nanking Government protesting against their treatment.

Will Obey Nanking.

Shanghai, June 12. It is reported that Marshal Yen Shi-shan arrived at Peking at noon yesterday.

Immediately after his arrival, Marshal Yen issued a declaration in the name of Chief Defence Commissioner of Peking and Tientsin. In this, he emphasised that the chief object of the expedition against the Fengtien forces was not revenge, but to relieve the people from hardships. Now that the expedition has been completed, he will carry out reconstruction work in Peking and Tientsin under instruction of the Nanking Government.

Marshal Yen has wired to Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang stating that many reports are in circulation with the object of stirring (Continued on Page 11.)

CHINA RECOGNITION PROBLEM.

TOO EARLY TO CONSIDER NANKING CLAIM.

BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE.

London, June 11. Commander Kenworthy, the Labour Member, who has been displaying considerable interest in China affairs, asked, in the House of Commons to-day, whether the British Government had recognised the Nationalist Government.

Mr. G. Locker-Lampson said that no formal recognition had been extended by His Majesty's Government to the Chinese Nationalist authorities, but communication with Nanking was still maintained, as in the past, through His Majesty's Minister, Sir Miles Lampson, or His Majesty's Consular officers, according as conditions allow or, circumstances demand.

Commander Kenworthy:—Is the question of recognition now being considered?

Mr. Locker-Lampson replied that he did not think it would be proper to consider that at present. No civil Government existed in Peking at all, merely a military regime. We really must wait until we saw how affairs turned out.

Commander Kenworthy asked a further question, to which Mr. Locker-Lampson replied that the Chinese delegate to the League of Nations was appointed by the former Administration at Peking. Any readjustment in the Chinese representation must be a matter for China herself to settle with the League.—*Reuter.*

SUCCESS OF DAWES PLAN.

AGENT-GENERAL'S PLEA FOR DEFINITE TASK.

Berlin, June 11. The plea that in the interests of the creditor Powers and of Germany herself, the final amount of Germany's reparation liabilities should be fixed as soon as possible is made by Mr. S. Parker Gilbert, Agent General for Reparations since 1924, in his latest report dealing with the working of the Dawes Plan.

He expresses the opinion that Germany will be able to pay the annuity of 2,500,000,000 marks due in the next annuity year, and pays a tribute to the stability of the Reichsmark.

Mr. Gilbert further remarks upon the splendid progress of the German economic recovery and is satisfied that the experts' expectations that the German people are able to respond to the conditions of the Dawes Plan have been amply confirmed.—*Reuter.*

COLLAPSE OF STRIKE IMMINENT.

AUSTRALIAN SHIPPING DISPUTE.

Melbourne, June 11. The seamen and stewards who came out on strike in support of the prolonged stand of the cooks against ship-owners are likely to return to work. The collapse of the strike looks imminent owing to the response to the call for volunteers.

At a meeting of the Seamen's Union, the Stewards' Union and other Labour Committees it was decided to telegraph the Secretary of the Cooks' Union at Sydney, strongly suggesting the immediate resumption of work as the position is more than critical.—*Reuter.*

"PRINCESS XENIA" FLIGHT.

AIRMEN LEAVE SOFIA FOR ALLEPO.

Sofia, June 11. The aeroplane "Princess Xenia," piloted by Captain C. D. Barnard and Flying Officer E. H. Elliott, which left London for India with the Duchess of Bedford as passenger, arrived here last evening, and departed early this morning for Aleppo.—*Reuter.*

TERRIBLE PLIGHT OF "ITALIA."

MAROONED ON MOVING ICE-FLOES.

RESCUERS IN SIGHT BUT HELPLESS TO ASSIST.

TWO BADLY INJURED.

Rome, June 11. The first authentic story of the disaster to the Polar ship "Italia" comes to hand to-day from a rescue party which has reached North East Land, and has two distressed parties within sight.

In official circles, it is disclosed that while the airship was flying towards land, the gondola containing General Nobile, and eight of the crew, broke away from the airship and crashed to the ground.

Seven members were left in the airship, which continued for some little way and then came down about thirty kilometres east of the spot where the gondola crashed.

The two parties were wrecked on different ice-floes and were unable to establish contact.

Visible From N.E. Land.

Both are now visible from North East Land, but it is impossible at the moment to proceed to their relief.

Two of the men with General Nobile were badly injured in the legs by the crash and the doctor of the supply ship, the s.s. Citta di Milano, has wireless instructions for their treatment.

The ice-floes on which the members of the "Italia's" crew are marooned are slowly moving in a north-west direction.

General Nobile's position is approximately six miles from Foyn Island.

Two Broken Legs.

Later messages from Oslo and King's Bay show that the crew is in a serious plight. Several men are suffering severely from frost-bitten hands and feet, while further trouble has been caused as the result of a splitting of one of the ice-floes which has divided the party into three groups.

The ice is drifting and is almost impassable.

General Nobile is now marooned with four others, carrying two broken-legged companions towards the relief ship "Braganza."

Trudging Towards Land.

Another party is seven in number. It is in a position about twenty miles to the east of Nobile's party.

Another group is composed of three men only. They have not been seen for some time, but when last observed were trudging towards the nearest land.

The Russian, Norwegian, French, Swedish and Finnish Governments are now all officially participating in the relief of the distressed explorers.

The Italian air service is sending a Dornier Wahl machine on June 12th.—*Reuter.*

Relief Parties.

Moscow, June 11.

The marooned "Italia" crew has been observed north of North East Land and a powerful ice-breaker has been ordered to prepare to start with an aeroplane.—*Reuter.*

Spitzbergen, June 11. Another ice-breaker, with an aeroplane on board, has been ordered to proceed immediately to Port Hope.—*Reuter.*

Oslo, June 11. Captain Ronald Amundsen has telegraphed to his American friends asking whether they are willing to share the financing of an expedition headed by Lieutenant Dietrichson and piloting the Dornier Wahl, a flying boat, which is ready to start from Germany to assist the "Italia."

Lt. Dietrichson piloted one of the aeroplanes for the Amundsen-Ellsworth north polar expedition of 1928.—*Reuter.*

PEAK MOTORING DISASTER.

PUBLIC CAR BURSTS INTO FLAMES.

CHAUFFEUR ABSCONDS

Disaster overtook public car No. 4 on the Peak early on Sunday morning. While negotiating a narrow stretch of the roadway, near Jardine's Corner, the car, which was an Oldsmobile 5-seater, went over the edge of a nullah and burst into flames.

Except for the driver, there were no occupants. The former appears to have had a remarkable escape from being pinned under the car and incinerated. He has not been seen since, however, and the circumstances surrounding the accident can only be reconstructed from the position of the car, of which only the bare metal skeleton remains.

It is assumed that the Oldsmobile had come down from the higher levels of the Peak, and that the accident occurred at about 3 o'clock in the morning. Owing to the darkness and the narrow road at a point near Jardine's Corner, the driver is thought to have failed to clear a small nullah which runs alongside the road, with the result that the car dropped sideways into the channel.

Although the drop was not a very big one, the jolt was sufficient

ANOTHER INCIDENT ON THE YANGTZE.

The s.s. "Kintang" Fired at by Troops.

THE GUARD RETALIATES.

British ships on the Yangtze River continue to be fired on by Chinese troops from the banks, a further instance being reported in naval wireless messages received to-day.

The s.s. Kintang, a Butterfield and Swire steamer, was passing Anping, about 120 miles above Ichang, when fire was opened on her from the banks.

The armed guard on the Kintang returned the fire. The messages make no reference to casualties, and it is assumed that the vessel was not damaged.

to start an explosion in the petrol tank. The car was immediately enveloped in flames, which continued to burn until only the engine and metal skeleton of the vehicle remained.

The driver is thought to have fallen clear of the car and not to have been seriously injured either as a result of the fall or of the explosion, for he was able to get away from the scene. Up the present, in spite of every effort, the police have not been able to locate him.

REDUCTION EXCISE RUBBER DUTY.

F.M.S. GOVERNMENT ACCEDES TO REQUESTS.

Kuala Lumpur, June 12.

At to-day's meeting of the Federated Malay States Federal Council, the Chief Secretary, Sir William Peel, moved the reduction of the rubber exports duty to one per cent per pound.

Sir William said that the request for the reduction was made three months ago, but the Government as the trustees of public funds, which were bound to be affected to the extent of \$2,000,000, was unable to act hastily, especially as there was some doubt whether the reduction would benefit the dealer rather than the producer.

After considerable thought the Government accepted the view that it would mostly benefit the producer, and it is almost certain that the Government will revert to the olding scale in November, with a minimum price of 80 cents per pound.—*Reuter.*

SOVIET PLOTS IN BRITAIN.

AGITATORS FINANCED METHODICALLY.

HOME SECRETARY'S LATEST DISCLOSURES.

HUGE SUM TRACED.

London, June 11. Definite proof of Russian financial support to Communist agitators in Great Britain was forthcoming in the House of Commons to-day when, in reply to questions, Sir William Joynson-Hicks, the Home Secretary, disclosed the result of the enquiries instituted by the Home Office after the discovery that banknotes found in the possession of Irish gun-men had passed through Russian banks in England.

The investigation showed that between July, 1927, and April, 1928, at least \$27,000 had been disbursed through Russian banks for the Communist parties in Great Britain.

The transactions took the form of the exchange of Bank of England Notes for Treasury Notes.

Moscow Narodny Bank.

A considerable number of the Treasury Notes from the Russian banks had been definitely traced to the Communist Party of Great Britain and its allied bodies.

The transactions were carried out by a clerk in the Foreign Exchange Department of the Moscow Narodny Bank, Ltd., in London, and two employees of the Russian trading institution "Centrosyus."

All three had been dismissed from their employment, and the directors of the firm, Mr. A. Gourevitch, and Mr. Kasparson, had disclaimed all knowledge of the transactions.

Manager's Denials.

Mr. Gourevitch wrote: "I desire to state most emphatically that the bank is solely engaged in ordinary banking and commercial transactions and has to its knowledge had no dealings at all with Irish or other gun-men."

Mr. Kasparson stated: "I most emphatically deny any connection between my bank and the persons referred to by you."

A number of other employees of the two concerns, suspected of possible complicity, had also been discharged.

Replying to supplementary questions, Sir William Joynson-Hicks said he would submit the matter to his legal advisers and act upon their advice.—*Reuter.*

Home Secretary Convinced.

The Home Secretary first disclosed that Bank of England notes found on Irish gun-men had been traced back to a Russian bank institution in this country in the House of Commons on April 20th.

Major Kindersley asked whether this information was correct, and suggested that the Home Secretary should make inquiries whether any of the moneys standing to the credit of Russian trading organisations in this country were being used in attempts to foment and organise revolutionary action here.

Sir W. Joynson-Hicks replied: "Major Kindersley's information is correct. I am constantly making inquiries and I am satisfied that Russian money is being used as suggested in the question."

The League.

Major Kindersley:—Will H.M. Government make representations to the League of Nations that a Power which uses the fomenting of revolution as an instrument of policy should not be associated with its deliberations?

Sir W. Joynson-Hicks:—That is a matter on which I should have to consult the Foreign Secretary. Mr. Saklatvala (Communist):—Will the Home Secretary kindly make clear what the question means as well as the answer? (Laughter.) During the process of circulation a particular bank-note may have passed through two dozen banks, different British banks. Does he insinuate that this note went directly from the Russian bank to the person in whose possession it was found, or does he mean that during the process of circulation the note has passed through several banks? (Laughter.)

GERMANY'S POISON GAS QUOTA.

ENOUGH TO POISON WORLD AFTER FEW MONTHS.

VERSAILLES TREATY.

London, June 11. The recent disastrous explosion of phosgene poison gas at Ham-burg, in which many German residents lost their lives, and others were taken seriously ill, was again the subject of questions in the House of Commons to-day.

Sir W. H. Davison (Cons.) sought information regarding the right of manufacture, and he was told by the Rt. Hon. G. Locker-Lampson, the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, that under the Versailles Treaty, Germany was forbidden to manufacture phosgene for war purposes, but the manufacture of phosgene for industrial purposes was allowed, up to a maximum of nine tons daily.

Sir W. H. Davison declared that such an amount was enough to poison the whole world after a few months making, and asked how the Government could distinguish between industrial and war phosgene.

Mr. Locker-Lampson replied that if there existed any suspicion of any infringement of the Treaty, the League of Nations was entitled to institute an enquiry.—*Reuter.*

BOWLERS' MASTERY OVER BAT.

EXTREMELY LOW SCORING AT STOURBRIDGE.

London, June 11. Those who have been deploring the mastery of the bat over the ball were presented with a new side to the picture at Stourbridge where Somerset and Worcester between them compiled 465 runs for the loss of 31 wickets.

Bowlers held the upper hand throughout, and Somerset won with nine wickets to spare, the scores being:

Worcester: 117 and 115.
Somerset: 131 and 102 (for 1 wicket).

J. C. White took 5 wickets for 57 runs in Worcester's first innings, while in their second, the outstanding bowler was E. Hill, who returned the excellent analysis of 5 wickets for 36 runs. Somerset's first attempt showed little superiority to that of their opponents, Tarbox bowling capably and taking 6 wickets for 54 runs.—*Reuter.*

PACT FOR OUTLAWING OF WAR.

MR. KELLOGG'S APPEAL TO CHURCHMEN.

New York, June 11. Addressing a large assembly at a commemorative ceremony in connexion with the Reformed Dutch Church, Mr. Frank B. Kellogg, the U.S. Secretary of State, announced that in addition to encouraging replies from Great Britain, Germany, Italy, Japan and the British Dominions regarding the Treaty for the outlawing of war, several other Governments had informally indicated a desire to participate.

Mr. Kellogg urged Churchmen all over the world to use their influence in support of the present movement towards conclusion of the Treaty.—*Reuter.*

REUTER'S SERVICE LOSS.

MR. H. M. COLLINS DIES AT MELBOURNE.

Melbourne, June 11. The death has occurred of Mr. Henry Michael Collins, at the ripe old age of 85. The late Mr. Collins entered Reuter's Service 65 years ago, and was Reuter's General Manager in Australia for over 30 years.

UNRULY YAUMATI CROWD!

ORATOR ARRESTED BY POLICE.

INSPECTOR COMPELLED TO DRAW REVOLVER.

STRUCK BY STONE.

Described as a broker, a Chinese appeared before Mr. W. Schofield, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, on charges on being in possession of a seditious pamphlet; distributing the pamphlet in Temple Street, Yaumati, on May 19th; and behaving in a disorderly manner by causing a crowd to collect.

A Chinese detective said he was on duty in Temple Street at 8.25 p.m. on May 19 when he saw the defendant standing on a stool surrounded by a crowd of about 100 people. He was saying that Marshal Chiang Kai-shek was a *sui lei* ("bad chap") as he was a "nation robber" or traitor. The defendant also accused Chiang of being a "running-dog" of the Japanese, by allowing them to oppress the Chinese. Accused called upon the workmen to "Get up!"

Li Chai-sum Criticised.

The defendant later distributed pamphlets while the people clapped their hands. Witness was given one of the documents. The defendant then left his stand and went to Wing Shing Lane, where he again got on a stool and proclaimed that Marshal Li Chai-sum of Kwangtung was a "bad fellow." He was also a nation-selling traitor and a "running-dog" of Britain.

Witness left the gathering and returned to the Police Station to report the matter to Inspector Fallon, who, with another detective, immediately left for the scene. On the arrival of the police, the crowd scattered. Inspector Fallon arrested the defendant and handed him over to one of the Chinese detectives.

A second detective, in evidence, said the crowd was excited and noisy. He mentioned that somebody threw a stone at Inspector Fallon. He himself did not see the stone thrown.

Inspector Fallon then gave evidence. He said that on receiving the report from the first witness he went to Wing Shing Lane where he saw about 150 people collected round the defendant who was standing on a stool. The people dispersed and witness arrested the defendant.

Revolver Drawn.

The detectives were instructed to take the accused to the Police Station while witness stood between them and the crowd. While waiting he felt a sudden pain in the back of his legs, and, on turning round, saw a brick lying at his feet. Drawing his revolver, witness rushed at the crowd, who were beginning to get excited. Witness stood in their midst while they slowly scattered.

Defendant said that he was not responsible for the throwing of the stone.

His Worship pointed out that while he was not accused of throwing the brick, but it was his oration that had caused the excitement among the people.

Selling Plums!

The defendant, in evidence, denied the charges and said that, not finding much work as a broker, he had taken to selling plums. He was singing in order to attract customers when he was arrested. He had a parcel of plums with him on the stool.

When asked how it was that the police had not seen the plums, defendant replied that they must have been taken by someone in the crowd.

His Worship convicted the defendant on all three charges. The circular he said was undoubtedly seditious. It not only worked up feeling against Japan but also made reference to the Shensi Incident. On the first charge, the defendant was sentenced to two months hard labour, and a further three months on the second. A fine of \$50, with the alternative of six weeks hard labour, was imposed on the third charge.



WHITEAWAYS ANNOUNCE

A SALE OF SMART HATS THAT MAKES
\$5.00 DO THE WORK OF \$10.00

NEW SHAPES IN STRAW AND FELTS AT ONE
PRICE WHICH MAKES IT POSSIBLE FOR YOU
TO OWN TWO OR THREE OF THESE FINE HATS.

THIS WEEK ONLY

Call and Inspect

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

Best Brand in the Market.

NEW

AX-BEER

This beer makes you more Cheerful and
Vigorous.

SOLE AGENTS

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

FIBRE BOARD CARTONS

the modern and economical containers for all classes of merchandise.

ACME STEEL STRAPS

a fast and efficient method of re-inforcing fibre boxes, crates, bales, bundles and wood-boxes.

ACME TACK-POINT FASTENERS

more easily driven and greater holding power.

J. M. DA ROCHA & CO.,

Agents.

Fibreboard Products Co., of San Francisco.
Acme Steel Co., of Brooklyn, New York.

WHAMPOA HIGHWAY.

ITS CONSTRUCTION TO BE
COMPLETED.

The Canton Municipal Government recently sent a petition to the Provincial Government requesting to have the right to complete the Whampoa Highway. It was claimed that the road if under municipal supervision would be planned in such a way that it would connect with roads within city limits to the end that means of communication might be facilitated.

The Provisional Government forwarded the petition to the Department of reconstruction which has given its approval. That Department intimated that so far, the construction of that road has cost \$87,700 of which \$10,000 was furnished by the city government. The rest was raised from surtaxes levied for the construction of this highway.

It was further pointed out that as part of this public thoroughfare was within city limits, shops and houses that would be built abutting on this road should pay taxes for the construction of this highway. For this reason, the Municipality was requested to refund \$37,700 which has already been spent on that project and this will be used for the construction of another highway linking up Nam Hoi, Poon Yu, and Far Yuen districts. Canton Gazette.

Tokyo, June 11.
Tokyo Electric issue dealings which commenced at three and a quarter per cent premium.—Reuter.

SOLICITOR WARNS CENSOR.

PROSECUTION OF CHINESE PAPER.

MADDENING WITNESS.

Before Lt. Col. F. Eaves, D.S.O., acting First Magistrate, the case against the Sun Po was continued yesterday.

At the instance of Mr. M. K. Lo, solicitor for the defence, Lau Sheuk-chong, the Chinese official of the Secretariat of Chinese Affairs, was recalled, and Mr. Lo cross-examined him at great length.

Both Mr. Fitzroy, for the prosecution, and the Magistrate had questions to ask of Lau Sheuk-chong, but the witness' replies in many instances were such that his Worship at the end of his evidence remarked, "This witness is about the most maddening witness I have ever come across. He will not answer a question."

When the hearing commenced, an interpreter of the S.C.A., named Lo Kam-chuk, was put into the witness box. He said that the defendant was instructed on May 8 by the S.C.A. through witness' interpretation, that he was not to publish any literature or articles promoting a boycott against Japan. Mr. Lo asked whether the Editors of the different papers were only told not to write anything violent about Japan, and whether there was no special mention of boycott.

Witness replied that he remembered using the word "boycott."

Witness, in answer to further questions, said that the meeting with the various Editors took place either on May 6, 7 or 8.

Mr. Lo contended that it took place on May 11.

His Worship: In an important matter like this, you mean to say you don't keep a note?

Witness: No.
Have you no letter in the office showing when you asked these Editors to call?—No. We sent a man round to them.

You must know whether it was before the time this article was published in the newspapers?—Yes. It was before that time.

A Difficult Witness.

The Censor Lau Sheuk-chong was then called.

Mr. Lo: I want to clear this point up with you. When a document is submitted to you for censoring, if you object to it, you cross it out and if you approve of it, you initial it?—That is so.

According to your recollection you never passed an article without initialling it?—It was the old practice to initial at the end of the whole paper instead of initialling every item.

His Worship: The old practice? Mr. Lo: Your Worship will see that he has discovered something since the last hearing.

(To witness) Might I offer to put it this way, that now you remember that in the old days, before this case, we could submit to you one sheet containing many articles and paragraphs and you could signify your approval by merely attaching one signature?

His Worship: We want to know what happened on May 8. What was the practice then?—It was our practice to initial every paragraph that we passed.

How long before the 8th did you begin to initial every paragraph?—Sometime in April this year.

Mr. Lo drew his Worship's attention that there was one point which he had tried to make clear in previous examination of "this very difficult witness" and that was whether the practice of initialling just once for a whole page of matter was adopted at any time. Witness had said that there was only one innovation since the beginning of this case and that was that blank spaces were filled with crosses. He asked his Worship to note that.

Mr. Lo (to witness): I want you to be quite clear again, because there are suggestions of forgery and perjury flying all over the place. You say that after April, there is no sheet which only bore your august signature at the end of a page?—Of course, I just only initial reports sent down from Canton.

Mr. Lo: I put it to you, Mr. Lau, that merely because you have seen me handling these documents now and you know I was going to put them to you, you said that?—No.

His Worship: Was the practice of initialling every paragraph known to the Editors?—No they were not warned.

His Worship: Well, how on earth will they ever know whether a thing is passed or not?—Because the newspapers have known all the time that anything initialled has been passed.

Canton News.

Mr. Lo then handed up some matter from Canton to witness who stated that each of the eight sheets had been initialled once only at the corner. The sheets contained different matter and were dated May 25.

His Worship: They don't seem to have adhered very rigidly to their practice, do they?

Mr. Lo: It is very haphazard. Sometimes you get initials and sometimes you don't.

Mr. Lo then produced to the witness and later to the Court another eight pages of matter from Canton, dated May 18, which had been initialled after every paragraph. He pointed out again that there were exceptions to the witness' rulings. Canton matters were supposed to be less important, but he had produced copies which were initialled after every page and some after every paragraph.

Addressing witness, Mr. Lo said that witness knew perfectly well that there had been no consistent practice as regards initialling every article and that there were omissions sometimes. "I put it to you that that is the truth," said Mr. Lo.

Witness: That seldom occurs. Mr. Lo: But does it occur?—Owing to pressure of work, I am not in a position to say that it has never occurred.

Witness was then handed a copy of the Sun Po's proof of a front page, bearing two photographs which bore witness' initials. The proof was of the paper of May 10. In answer to Mr. Lo, witness admitted that both photographs bore his initials.

Mr. Lo: You would put your signature to any other photograph submitted to you?—Yes.

Very well, if you wish to be thoroughly discredited, I am going to do it. Look at Exhibit "C" and say why your signature or initials are not on it?—The newspapers are always late in putting in their photographs in their papers because they themselves do not know how to print these pictures. They have to engage other firms to do it, so they are always late.

His Worship: Does he mean that the matter was produced to him before the photograph?

Witness replied that it might have been so, but he was not prepared to say it was so in this case.

Forgery Again.

Mr. Lo: I want you to take this matter rather seriously. Do I understand you to say that the space does not bear your signature because the matter was not there when it was submitted to you? In other words, forgery again?—Possibly.

And possibly not, I suppose?—If it had not been submitted to me, it would not bear my initials.

Mr. Lo here told his Worship that he understood from his instructions and from other reliable authorities that it was practically impossible to produce a sheet of paper with a blank space and matter all round it. It was impossible even with the highest technical knowledge and it was much more so to a Chinese printer. He said that Mr. Fitzroy had said at the last hearing that the issue was

forgery or perjury. He invited Mr. Fitzroy to get a man from any firm of printers to say whether it was possible for a Chinese newspaper to do what it was alleged they had done. He would not say that such a performance was impossible, but that it would require knowledge and skill beyond the limits of a Chinese newspaper office like the Sun Po.

Witness was asked what explanation he could give if, for instance, the photograph had actually been submitted to him.

He replied that he did not remember seeing the photograph and that it was possible for the newspapers to add in the photograph afterwards. In answer to another question, witness said that he seldom passed a picture like that.

Mr. Lo: Then, can I say that it is possible?—Yes, only under pressure of work.

His Worship: When he says "passed it," does he mean he did not see it or passed it for publication?

Witness replied that he over-looked it.

Mr. Lo: Your Worship, I think it is a matter of common sense, if you look at that page, that it is impossible to overlook that picture, having regard to the relative position of the several articles which he passed and initialled.

Mr. Lo then produced a newspaper report in Chinese of the proceedings during the last hearing of the case and asked witness if he had any authority to effect any alteration of a translation from the English press which had previously been sanctioned by the assistant S.C.A.

Witness replied that if anything was sanctioned by the S.C.A. it need not be submitted to the censor.

Unfairness of Censors.

His Worship asked what was the object of such a question, and Mr. Lo replied that having regard to the mentality and unfairness of the Censors he wanted to prove how stupid the witness was, and after that he wanted his Worship to say that the matter was so trivial that it should be dismissed. He could not show the idiosyncrasies or arbitrariness of the Censors better than to mention that a literal translation of the report in one of the English papers of the Court proceedings, although sanctioned by the S. C. A., was blue-pencilled in parts by the censor.

His Worship pointed out that that was not part of the case. Mr. Lo was contending that matter which was allowed in the English press was struck out of the Chinese papers.

Mr. Lo replied that he wanted to show the nature of the right which was arrogated by the Censors. It amounted to interfering with the newspapers. "What I say," said Mr. Lo, "is that what the Censors are doing at the present time is of such a nature that any fair-minded person must surely sympathise with the people who are victims of the Censors."

Mr. Lo then pointed out a few of the passages which appeared in the S. C. M. Post which were not allowed by the Censors for the Chinese papers. Amongst other things, the name of the Censor was struck out, only the surname being allowed.

A literal translation, said Mr. Lo, sanctioned by the S. C. A., but when the report in the S. C. M. Post was submitted to the Censor, certain parts were blue pencilled. In addition to crossing out the second name of the Censor whose evidence was reported, the terms "forgery" and "perjury" as alleged by the Censor and against the Censor, were crossed out.

Mr. Lo was proceeding to quote other expurgated sections when his Worship stopped him with the remark that this was irrelevant.

In answer to Mr. Fitzroy, witness said that the new method of censoring began in April and that witness often got blank spaces in the proofs submitted to him. About twenty days ago they commenced crossing out the blank spaces.

In answer to a question as to whether the Editors knew of the

(Continued on Page 13.)



LIKE HER MOTHER.

Like her mother this little maid needs medicine at times, but not the same medicine, because that which is suitable for adults is too strong for small children.

It is to meet this want of a suitable medicine for the very young that Baby's Own Tablets have been specially devised. Good to look at and pleasant in taste, these Tablets take the place of Castor Oil and those nauseating draughts and powders which are a terror to childhood. The children like Baby's Own Tablets, and they are a wonderful help to mothers because of their prompt efficacy in correcting infantile indigestion, constipation, colic, "wind", in checking diarrhoea and allaying the pains of teething. They likewise cool feverishness, ease croup and colds, expel worms.

Your chemist sells Baby's Own Tablets, or post free, 60 cents per vial, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. 60, Kings Road, Shanghai.

Record Hits!

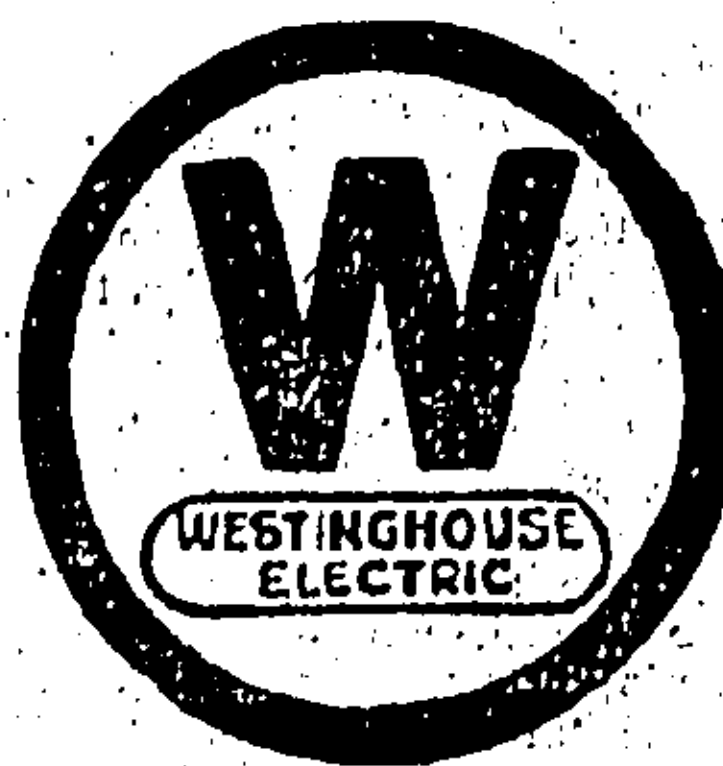
- 0207 Diane I'll Think
- 0209 Polly Dainty Miss
- 0217 Hot Sax Twilight Whispers
- 0219 My Blue Heaven Clonk-er-ty-Clonk
- 0189 Yale Blues Just a Memory
- 4806 Dear On a Night Like This The Man I Love
- 4774 Oh Doris Bless Her
- 4773 Varsity Yale Blues Castilian Nights
- 4720 New Dew Dew Day You Don't Like It
- 4620 Saxophone Moonlight and You

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY.

8, Des Voeux Road, Central

(Entrance Ico House Street.)

Telephone C. 4648.



Resiss, Masey & Co., Ltd.

DISTRIBUTORS.

Exchange Bldg. Tel. C.672.

Loss of weight

often leads to extreme weakness, even consumption. SCOTT'S Emulsion builds the body, enriches the blood, aids digestion and leads to increased weight and better health. Ask for



**SCOTT'S
Emulsion**
The protector of life

SALESMAN SAM

LISSEN HERE, SAM, JUST BECAUSE I DON'T LIKE THAT HORSE YA BOUGHT IS NO REASON WHY YA SHOULD LET ALBERT GET AWAY WITH BITING IT ON TH' LEG LIKE HE DID YESTERDAY.

THAT JUST SHOWS HOW HUMAN ALBERT IS—HE WAS JEALOUS CAUSE I WAS PETTIN' TH' HORSE.



DOESN'T MAKE ANY DIFFERENCE—YA SHOULDN'T LET ALBERT DEVELOP SUCH A DISPOSITION—NEXT THING YA KNOW HE'LL BE SHAPPIN' AT US! YA OUGHTA PUNISH HIM FOR IT.

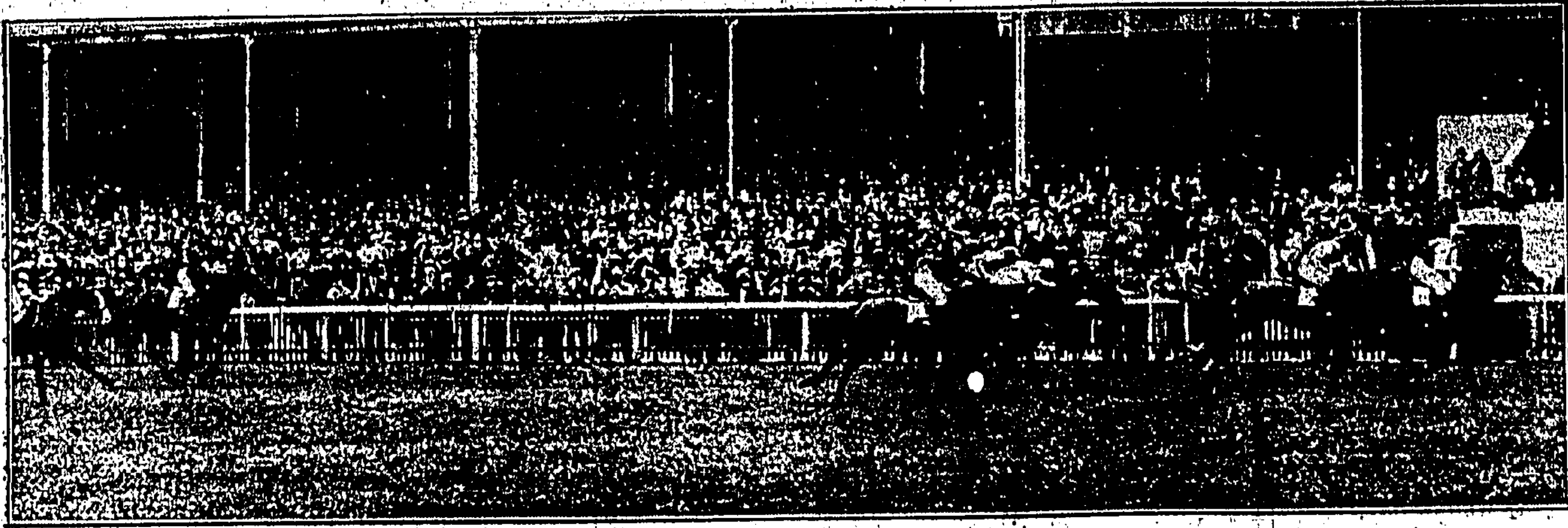
OH, AWRIGHT, I'LL GIVE HIM A GOOD SPANKING!



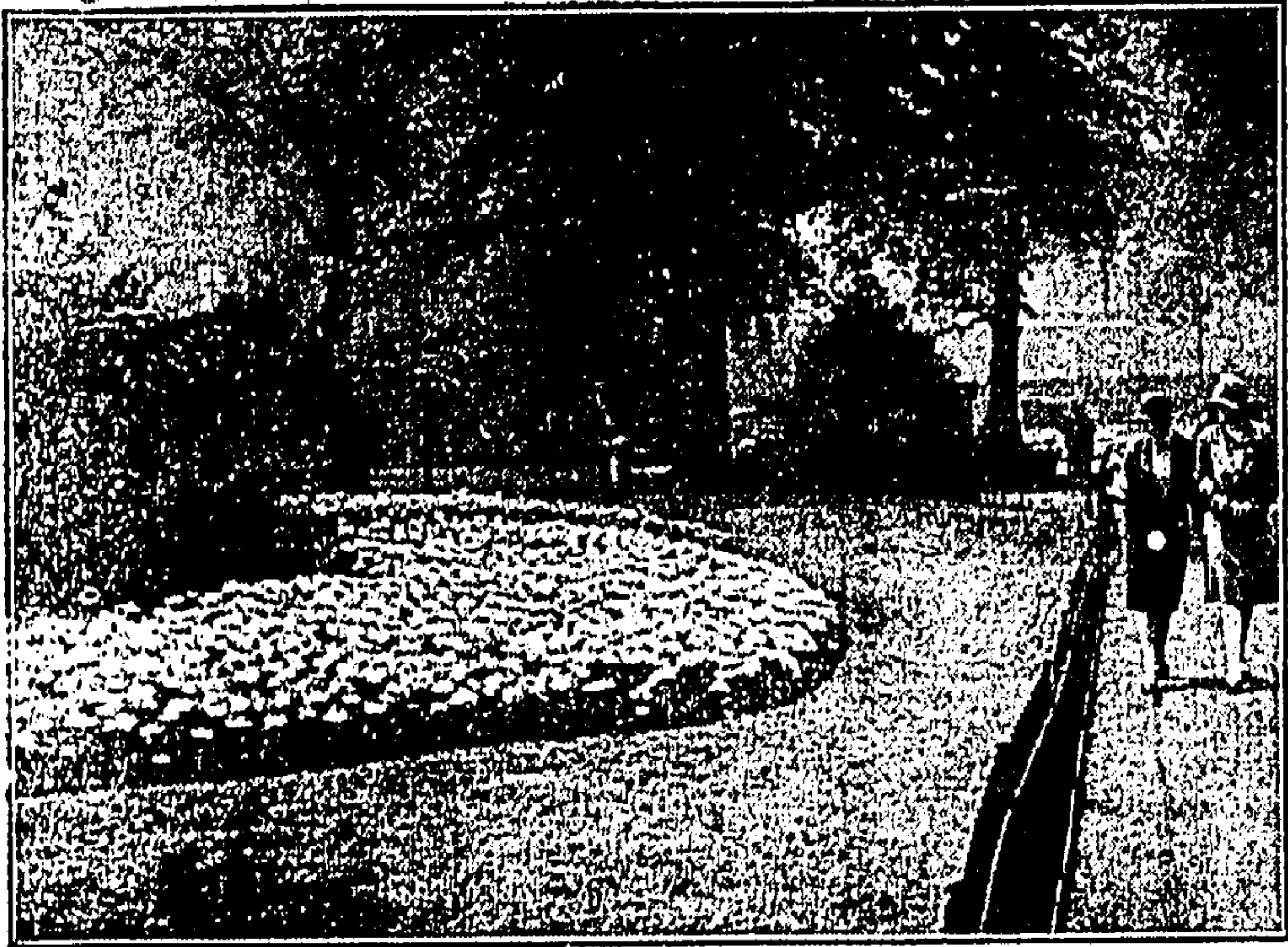
Sounded Like It, Though



By Small



The finish of the Two-Thousand Guineas at Newmarket, showing Flamingo boating Royal Minstrel. (Times copyright).



One of the beds of early-flowering tulips now in full bloom in Kensington Gardens. A display of 170,000 British-grown tulips of 80 varieties will shortly provide the London parks and gardens with bloom and colour. (Times copyright).



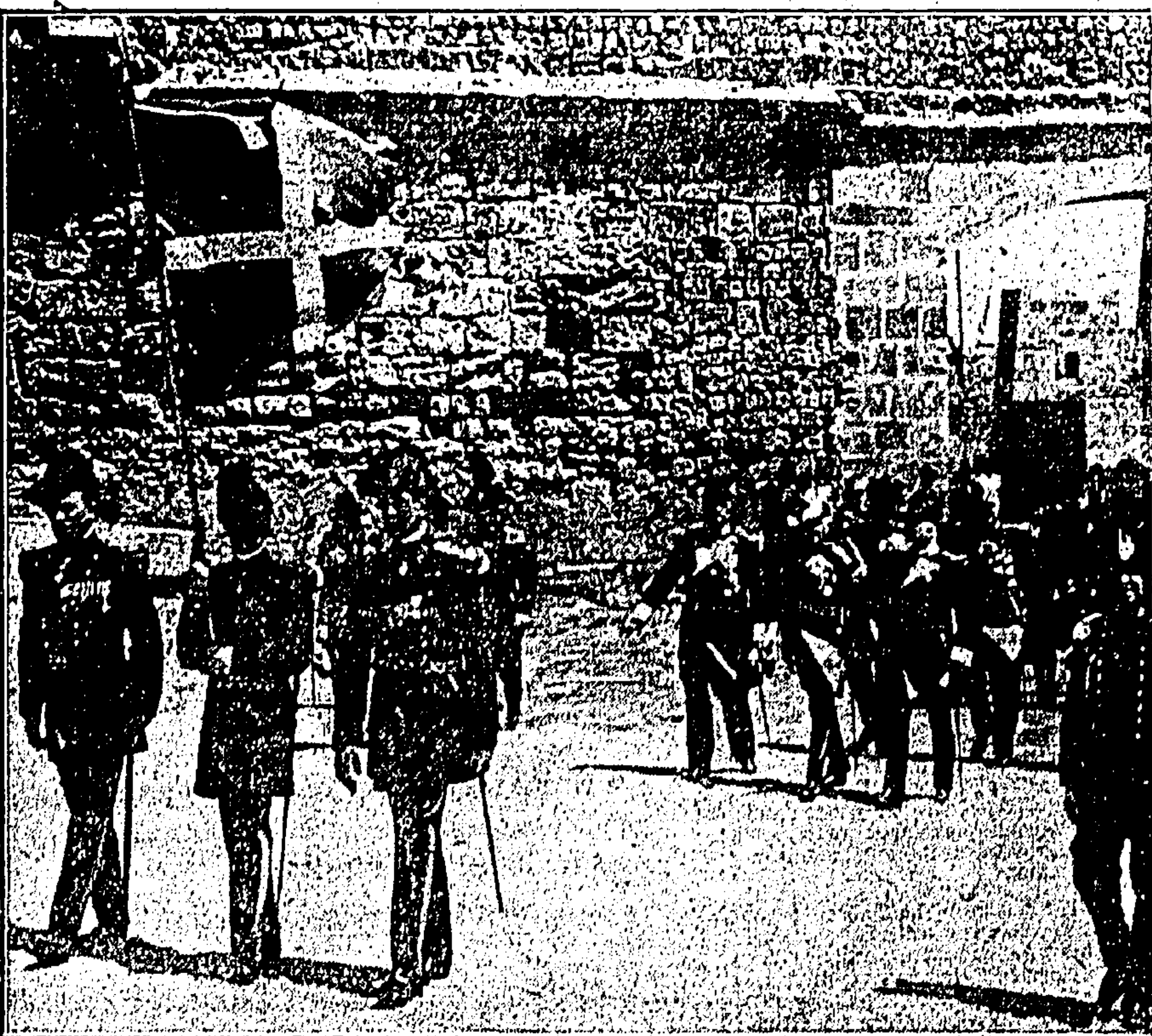
E. Wagner, G. Schulz and O. Grenz, winners of the light-weight griffin pairs at Henli Regatta, Shanghai, recently.



A glimpse of the spectators' stand during an interval between races at Henli Regatta.



Our picture shows British sailors pulling down dangerous ruins at Corinth after the wrecking of the town by the series of earthquake shocks. Among the British warships sent to Corinth to help in the relief measures were the supply-ship Perthshire, the flotilla leader Stuart, the aircraft-carrier Eagle, the hospital ship Maine, and the cruisers Calypso and Ceres.



Knights of the Tongue of Italy in the sovereign order of St. John of Jerusalem recently, resumed possession of their Auberge, restored to them after having been lost when Rhodes was taken by the Turks in 1522. Our picture shows professed and honorary Knights and Ladies of the order marching through the new gateway into the Collachio. (Times copyright).



The remains of a Viking ship recently found at Galtaback, near Valborg, West Sweden. The scientific work is in charge of Dr. Arvid Enquist. The ship is about 50ft. long with a beam of 15ft. and is firmly embedded in sand. (Times copyright).

STOCKINGS



A strong hardwearing stocking made of fine lustre cotton, soft finish and unshrinkable.

4/1 rib legs with knopped turnover tops in same colour.

Three good colours—tan, fawn and grey.

All sizes 3½ to 11½

\$3.50 per pair.

Less 10% discount for cash.

Mackintosh

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS. *& Co. Ltd.*
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD

BEST

OF

LIQUEURS

STILL.

ERVEN LUCAS BOLS

SOLE AGENTS:—

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances 1911-1915.)
Prince's Building (Ground floor.) Ice House Street.

The World Famed MANILA CIGARS



Coronas

Excelentes

Perfectos

Magnificos

Taipans

Grand
Coronas

Imperiales

Bon Ton

AT

Yours Truly

22, Des Voeux Rd.

Johnnie Wills

Tel. C. 836.

E. HING & CO.

SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIP CHANDLERS
HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

PHONE—CENTRAL No. 1116.

Wing Woo street
TEL Central 25

WHITEAWAY'S STANDARD VALUES

THE
"KOOLTWILL"
TENNIS SHIRT

ENGLISH MADE
READY TO WEAR
MERCERISED TENNIS
SHIRTS



MADE FROM FINE
QUALITY WHITE
MERCERISED TWEED
SILKY FINISH

SPECIALLY
RECOMMENDED
FOR
DURABILITY &
APPEARANCE

ONE OF
WHITEAWAY'S
STANDARD
VALUES

SIZES 14" TO 17½"

UNQUESTIONABLY THE
FINEST VALUE PROCUR-
ABLE. MADE IN TWO
STYLE COLLARS, WITH
HALF OR LONG SLEEVES

PRICE 3.95

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.

MEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW CO., LTD.

Profitable Investment.

Judicious Advertising is one of the most profitable investments associated with successful Business Enterprise.

Advertise in the **Hongkong Telegraph** and secure the co-operation of its readers in buying your goods.

Prepaid Advertisements

25 WORDS FOR \$1.00 (\$1.50 if not prepaid)

The following replies are awaiting collection—
295, 300, 301, 305, 306, 315
344, 363, 374

BOARD RESIDENCE.

FAMILY HOTEL.—Victoria Gardens. Quiet apartments and Suites of rooms. Full board from \$95, \$110, \$180, monthly. Large commodious rooms. Also daily rates; five minutes from ferry, next new Hotel, Hankow Road, Kowloon, Tel. K.357.

TUITION GIVEN.

Well educated young English Lady with fluent knowledge of French wishes to give English lessons to French lady or children. Terms moderate. Write Box No. 377, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

POSITION VACANT.

Influential Chinese Firm requires Comptroller for their General Import-Export Department. Must have substantial security. Reply Box No. 376, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

POSITION WANTED.

Do you need Chinese help? Cook-Waiter-house-work or kitchen help. Write to C. G. Fred, 305, Queen's Road West, Hongkong.

WANTED.

WANTED You to know that Sennet Freres are selling regardless of cost their entire stock of Jewellery, Watches, Fancy Goods, etc. No reasonable offer refused.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Office Rooms, 2nd floor, New Hongkong Bank Building. Apply Sang Kee, same building.

TO LET.—One European FLAT Wanchai Gap Road, Hongkong. Apply to 32, Kennedy Road.

COMMODOUS OFFICES to let in No. 7, Queen's Road Central, also two small offices in 1A, Chater Road. Apply E. D. Sassoon and Company, Ltd.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—With early possession European House on Broadwood Ridge, Happy Valley, containing six rooms with Tennis Court. Particulars. Apply Messrs. Deacons.

ARE YOU SICK? Why Continue To Suffer. Get The Poo On Chinese Herbs and Get Well. Constipation; Rheumatism; Dropsy; Typhoid Fever; Nervousness; and Diabetes. Yee Foo Lun, Chinese Herbalist, Managing Director, Entrance 65, Queen's Road Central, Tel. C. 5009.

A Film That Cost £1,000,000



Greater Than "7th. Heaven."

New Advertisements.

THE HONGKONG TUG & LIGHTER CO., LTD.

THE FOURTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at St. George's Building, Chater Road, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 27th June 1928, at 2.30 p.m. for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ended 31st March 1928, and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors. THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Saturday, the 23rd June 1928, until Wednesday, the 27th June 1928, both days inclusive. SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers. Hongkong, 11th June 1928.

NOTICE.

SOUTH CHINA TRADE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.) NOTICE is hereby given that the above Company has this day acquired the business heretofore carried on by Mr. Leslie Ernest Hayne as the South China Trade Protection Association.

By Order of the Board of Directors, ALLAN. S. BANKER, Secretary. Hongkong, June 8th, 1928.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

The Forty-Seventh Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., Pedder Street, Hongkong, on Wednesday, the 20th June, 1928, at Noon for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 13th June to 4th July, 1928, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board, JARDINE, MATHESON AND COMPANY LIMITED, General Managers. Hongkong, 29th May, 1928.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

With reference to the Notice to Shareholders of this Company dated 8th June, 1927, whereby the FINAL CALL of \$5.00 per share on the New shares was made payable on 15th Day of December, 1927, the General Managers and the Consulting Committee have decided, in view of the conditions prevailing at present, to further extend the time for payment of the Call.

Notice is accordingly hereby given that the date for payment of the Final Call is postponed to 15th day of June, 1928, and that the form of Bankers Receipt already sent to Shareholders can be used as though the date named thereon were 15th June, 1928.

For the Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd. SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers. Hongkong, 8th December, 1927.

"THE PEAK FLATS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation in JULY.

Five-Roomed FLATS and Six-Roomed FLATS with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two Lifts. Apply to—CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT, 4TH FLOOR, FRENCH BANK BUILDING.

MASSAGE HALL

MRS. S. UZUNOYE Expert Masseuse 67, Queen's Road C, 2nd floor.

CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.

6, Duddell Street. If you have anything you would like to sell, exchange or advertise send it to the CHINA AUCTION ROOM. E. V. M. R. de SOUSA.

Lammert's Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 13th June, 1928, at 11 o'clock a.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell Street. (for account of the concerned) Three Cases Water Proof Cloth. Terms—Cash on Delivery. LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 13th June 1928, commencing at 11 a.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell Street 11 Pieces Leather. 1 Package Boot Protectors. 9 Cases V. M. Zinc Sheets. 11 Pieces Overshoes. 1 Bundle Yellow Metal Sheets. 2 Cases Clocks. 2 Cases Alarm Clocks. 3 Cases Thermos Flasks. 2 Cases Flask Refills. 34 Cases Medicine (Cough Remedy, Pain Balm and Colic and "Diarhoea Remedy"). 1 Coll Manila Rope. 7 Cases Eau de Cologne. 3 Cases Needles. Terms—Cash on Delivery. LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers. Hongkong, June 11, 1928.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

PUBLIC AUCTION

of the VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY situate at Mongkoktsui in the Dependency of Kowloon and Colony of Hongkong and registered at the Land Offices KOWLOON INLAND LOT NO. 1572, to be sold on TUESDAY, the 19th day of June, 1928, at 3 p.m. by MESSRS. LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers, at their Sales Room No. 8A, Duddell Street, Victoria, Hongkong.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to—MESSRS. WOO & NASH, Solicitors, 4 and 6 Queen's Road Central, or to MESSRS. LAMMERT BROS., No. 8A, Duddell Street. Hongkong, June 8, 1928.

THEATRE ROYAL CITY HALL

Saturday, June 16th, at 9.15 p.m.

JACQUES THIBAUD

(The Great French Violinist)

Prices \$4. \$3. and \$2.

Booking at Moutrie's

JACQUES THIBAUD

Direction: A. STROK

COMPENSATION OF WORKMEN.

IMPORTANT DECISION BY COURT OF APPEAL.

The Court of Appeal has decided that a young man engaged at a

Defy the rain in a MACNOVA WATERPROOF



A waterproof which has stood the test of exceptional heavy rain and proved, what we claim it to be, a thoroughly reliable yet light weight waterproof.

The "MACNOVA" is made to our own design of a specially woven cloth and treated with a patent proofing process which enables it to withstand the peculiarities of the climate.

It is cut on free and easy, yet smart lines, providing perfect comfort in wear, and every detail in the making has the closest scrutiny.

We confidently recommend the "MACNOVA" waterproof, and will replace any coat which fails to give complete and absolute satisfaction.

All sizes from 34 to 46 chest measurement \$35.00 each less 10% discount for Cash.

Mackintosh & Co. Ltd.
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD

QUEEN'S THEATRE

Thursday to Saturday

ADDITIONAL ATTRACTION

Famous Revue Artists

ELEANORE NINON

AND

LEO MANTIN

Direct from l'Abbaye, Paris, and The Knickerbocker, Monte Carlo.

FOLIES BERGERE SONG AND DANCE HITS

French Songs—Spanish Love Dances—Jazz Novelties. NIGHTLY AT 9.20 ONLY.

vocational training centre is not a workman entitled to compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Acts.

This decision was given in a test appeal brought by the Government Instructional Centre at Garrison Lane, Birmingham, from a decision of the Birmingham County Court Judge holding that Wilfred Watson, of Mafeking-road, Smithwick, was entitled to compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Acts for injuries received while undergoing training.

For the Instructional Centre, the Solicitor-General explained that Watson received 28s. 6d. a week while at the centre—18s. unemployment benefit, 8s. travelling ex-

pense, and 2s. 6d. personal allowance.

On the strength of the 2s. 6d. personal allowance the County Court Judge held that Watson was a workman employed at wages, and thus entitled to the minimum compensation.

The Master of the Rolls said that while a man was at the instructional centre he remained available for employment. Before and after he went to the institution the conditions applicable to him negated the possibility of holding that he was a workman or a person employed under a contract of service. The appeal must be allowed. Lords Justices Sankey and Russell concurred.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Due
Japan and Shanghai	Kilano Maru	June 15.
U. S. A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Hayes	June 16.
Europe, via Negapatam letter and Papers London 17 May	Sui Sang	June 16.
U. S. A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Jackson	June 18.
Shanghai and Swatow	Sza Chan	June 18.
Japan and Shanghai	Tango Maru	June 19.
U. S. A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	General Metzinger	June 19.
U. S. A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Korea Maru	June 19.
Australia and Manila	Aki Maru	June 21.
Shanghai	Rampura	June 22.
U. S. A., Canada, Japan, and Shanghai	Pres. Taft	June 22.
Straits	Asuta Maru	June 23.
Canada, U. S. A., Japan & Shanghai	Empress of Russia	June 25.
Japan and Shanghai	Haruna Maru	June 25.

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Ning	Tues, June 12, 3 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C.S. America, Europe via Vancouver B.C. and Europe via Siberia	Empress of Canada	Tues, June 12, 3 p.m.
	Parcels	1.45 p.m.
	Registration	1.45 p.m.
	Letters	1.45 p.m.
	(Due Vancouver B.C. 30th June).	
Tourane	Chung Kong	Tues, June 12, 3.30 p.m.
Sam Shui and Wuchow	San Ning	Tues, June 12, 4 p.m.
Wei Hai Wei	Cheong Shing	Tues, June 12, 5 p.m.
Fort Bayard, Holhow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Hanoi	Wed, June 13, 8.30 a.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Antenor	Wed, June 13, K.P.O.
	Registration	9 a.m.
	Letters	10 a.m.
	G.P.O.	
	Registration	9.45 a.m.
	Letters	10.30 a.m.
	(Due Marseilles 11th July).	
Swatow	Hangsang	Wed, June 13, 10 a.m.
Java via Batavia	Tjikembang	Wed, June 13, 10 a.m.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island	Parcels	1.45 p.m.
	Registration	1.45 p.m.
	Letters	1.45 p.m.
	(Due Thursday Island 26th June).	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Ching	Fri, June 15, 2 p.m.
Wei Hai Wei	Kueichow	Fri, June 15, 2.30 p.m.
Holhow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Tean	Sat, June 16, 5 p.m.
Shanghai	Szechuen	Fri, June 15, 6 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Kilano Maru	Sat, June 16, K.P.O.
	Registration	1.45 p.m.
	Letters	1.45 p.m.
	G.P.O.	
	Registration	1.45 p.m.
	Letters	1.45 p.m.
	(Due Marseilles 31st July).	

Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island

Tango Maru Wed, June 20, Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 1.45 p.m. (Due Marseilles 16th July.)

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow Pres. Hayes Sat, June 16, 5 p.m. Manila via Swatow Pres. Hayes Sat, June 16, 5 p.m. Bangkok, via Swatow Kalgan Sun, June 17, 9 a.m. Swatow, Amoy and Formosa Hozan Maru Sun, June 17, 9 a.m. Amoy Sunning Mon, June 18, 4.30 p.m. Swatow, Amoy and Foochow Hai Hong Tues, June 19, 2.00 p.m. Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles General Metzinger Tues, June 19, K.P.O.

Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 1.45 p.m. G.P.O. Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 1.45 p.m. (Due Marseilles 31st July.)

Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island Tango Maru Wed, June 20, Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 1.45 p.m. (Due Thursday Island 1st July.)

Swatow Chak Sang Wed, June 20, 10.30 a.m. Japan Aki Maru Fri, June 22, 9.30 a.m. Amoy Yuensang Fri, June 22, 5.00 p.m. Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles Rampura Sat, June 23, K.P.O.

Parcels June 22, 4.30 p.m. Registration June 23, 9 a.m. Letters 1.45 p.m. G.P.O. Registration June 22, 5 p.m. Letters June 23, 9.45 a.m. (Due Marseilles 21st July.)

Straits and Calcutta Namsang Sat, June 23, Parcels 1.45 p.m. Letters 1.45 p.m.

Formosa, Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U. S. A., Canada, Central and South America and Europe via San Francisco Korea Maru Mon, June 25, 5 p.m. Letters Mon, 25 8.30 a.m. (Due San Francisco 20th July.)

Shanghai, Japan and Europe via Siberia Atsuta Maru Tues, June 26, 10.30 a.m. Manila Empress of Russia Tues, June 26, 3.30 p.m. Sandakan Hin Sang Thurs, June 28, 8.30 a.m.

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles Haruna Maru Sat, June 30, K.P.O.

Registration June 29, 4.30 p.m. Letters June 30, 9 a.m. G.P.O. Registration June 30, 8.45 a.m. Letters June 30, 9.30 a.m. (Due Marseilles 30th July.)

* Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

SALE OF JEWELLERY, WATCHES, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

at a

SACRIFICE

We are removing from our present premises (opposite main entrance of the Hongkong Hotel) and have to sell the entire stock.

No reasonable offer refused.

Sale commences on 1st June, 1928.

SENNET FRERES, China Building, Pedder Street.

REISS, MASSEY & CO., LTD.

Engineering Department.

Exchange Building.

THE LEADING SANITARY ENGINEERS

Why not equip your residence
with modern Sanitary Appliances.

Your enquiries will receive the
prompt attention of our experts.

ESTIMATES FREE

Telephone C. 673.

Cable "JOSSTREE"

Hongkong.

WHAT TO DO WITH THAT OLD CABIN TRUNK

Have it put in order and then send it to the

HONGKONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY
(Est. 1889)

Any Monday or Thursday at 11 a.m.

Some poor traveller will be glad of it.

Send your clothes to us for
Dry-cleaning or Dyeing.

We specialise in renovating
and pressing garments.

Try us just once.

THE INTERNATIONAL
DRY CLEANING & DYEING CO.

19, Wyndham Street,
Hongkong.143, Wong Nei Chung Road,
Happy Valley.36, Nathan Road,
Kowloon.

Use
PURICO
THE UNEXCELLED COOKING FAT

Obtainable at

All GROCERS & STOREKEEPERS.

Agents:— KELLER, KERN & CO., LTD.

18, Connaught Road, Telephone C. 3120.

WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

About Books.

VARIOUS TYPES OF READERS.

Lord Rosebery's gift of rare books to the Scottish National Library brings joy to the heart of every student of literature and of antiquities. In most cases the joy is tinged with a shadow of regret that, though the scholar lives a hundred years, he can probably never hope to read them all. That is a regret which grows with the years, as every book-lover knows.

In early youth books are the doorway to wonderful new worlds. Paths stretch in numberless directions, each enticing in greater or less degree to the young reader. Gaily he follows whichever appeals to him the most, choosing light-heartedly enough. "Plenty of time for the rest another day," he says, for one of youth's greatest possessions is the sense of plenty of time ahead. It is when middle age is looming on the horizon that he wakes up with a jolt to realise that time is precious. Much of it already has gone past—never in his whole life can he follow all those book-paths that tantalise his vision. He must give up the dream of wholesale conquest, and concentrate on one or two with a definite goal. That, at least, would be the counsel of perfection, and probably it is the course adopted by the world's greatest scholars and its most successful men. They devour the books that help them along their own particular line. To the rest they resolutely shut their minds.

The dilettante reader has a much more entertaining time, nibbling at books of every known variety, tasting new philosophy, new science, and now the realms of fantasy.

I heard a comforting saying the other day (says a writer) for those who suffer heartache because they cannot find the time to read all those lovely books that dangle just out of their reach. It was to the effect that human thought, as expressed in books, is not limitless, and the same thought is necessarily many times repeated in the world's literature. Whoever, therefore, has read one book thoroughly has read more than one. He shares the thoughts that run through many others.

Why do people read? To catalogue their reasons would be a long task. There are those who read in search of truth such as the scientists in all their branches. Other readers are in quest of beauty, like the poets and the artists. Others, again, say that they read purely for amusement or to pass the time, but they too, perhaps unconsciously, require some standard, either of truth or beauty, in the books they choose. It may be a high or a low standard; that is another matter.

Books to some are a means to an end. They will be amused by them, or they are the means of gaining knowledge. To others they are an end in themselves:

"A book of verses underneath the bough,
A Jug of Wine, a Loaf of Bread—
—and Thou."



A glimpse into an old-fashioned English garden.

Cleaning the Curios.

SOME USEFUL HINTS ON THE SUBJECT.

While the general cleaning of a room presents few pitfalls, only proven methods should be employed in the treatment of objects of art or irreplaceable damage may result. Ivory may be washed in tepid water with plain yellow soap, a soft brush being used to remove dirt from intricate carving, and finally rinsed, dried, and polished with a chamois leather. If the ivory is stained it should, after washing, be rubbed with a little salt and vinegar, or salt and lemon juice, and rinsed and dried as before.

Marble statuary should be washed with plenty of clean, warm water and soap which must be free from grit, a small brush being employed for the crevices. The soap should be thoroughly rinsed off and the marble polished with a chamois leather when dry. If it has become discoloured, the following treatment will be effective:—A paste made of 1 oz. of powdered chalk, 1 oz. of powdered pumice stone, and 2 oz. of soda, pounded together, passed through a sieve, and made into a paste with boiling water, should be spread over the marble and allowed to remain overnight, being finally washed off, and the marble polished as before. An alternative paste, which should be used in the same manner, may be made of equal parts of pearl ash and whiting.

Oil paintings should be thoroughly washed, sponged lightly and quickly with lukewarm water, and finally dried with a chamois leather. This treatment is only suitable for paintings with a perfect coating of varnish, and in no circumstances should soap be used. English gilt frames, after being dusted with a soft brush or silk handkerchief, may be gently washed with a fine sponge moistened with equal quantities of methylated spirits and water, and dried with a leather.

Gilding which has become discoloured will be improved if

Cleaning Kid Gloves.

TWO USEFUL METHODS EXPLAINED.

Light kid gloves are a necessary extravagance to complete some toilettes, but are expensive items of dress, as they quickly soil and continually require cleaning. To be elegant they must be immaculate; nothing looks worse than dirty, shabby gloves.

For cleaning white kid gloves, one excellent method is:—Take a handful of flax seed, add a little dissolved toilet soap, and boil, making a thick mucilage. When the mixture cools, put the gloves on the hands, and rub them with a piece of white flannel wet with the mixture. Care should be taken not to wet the gloves through.

A second method:—Take a fine, clean, soft cloth, dip it into a little sweet milk, then rub it on a cake of soap, and well rub the gloves with it; they will look like new again.

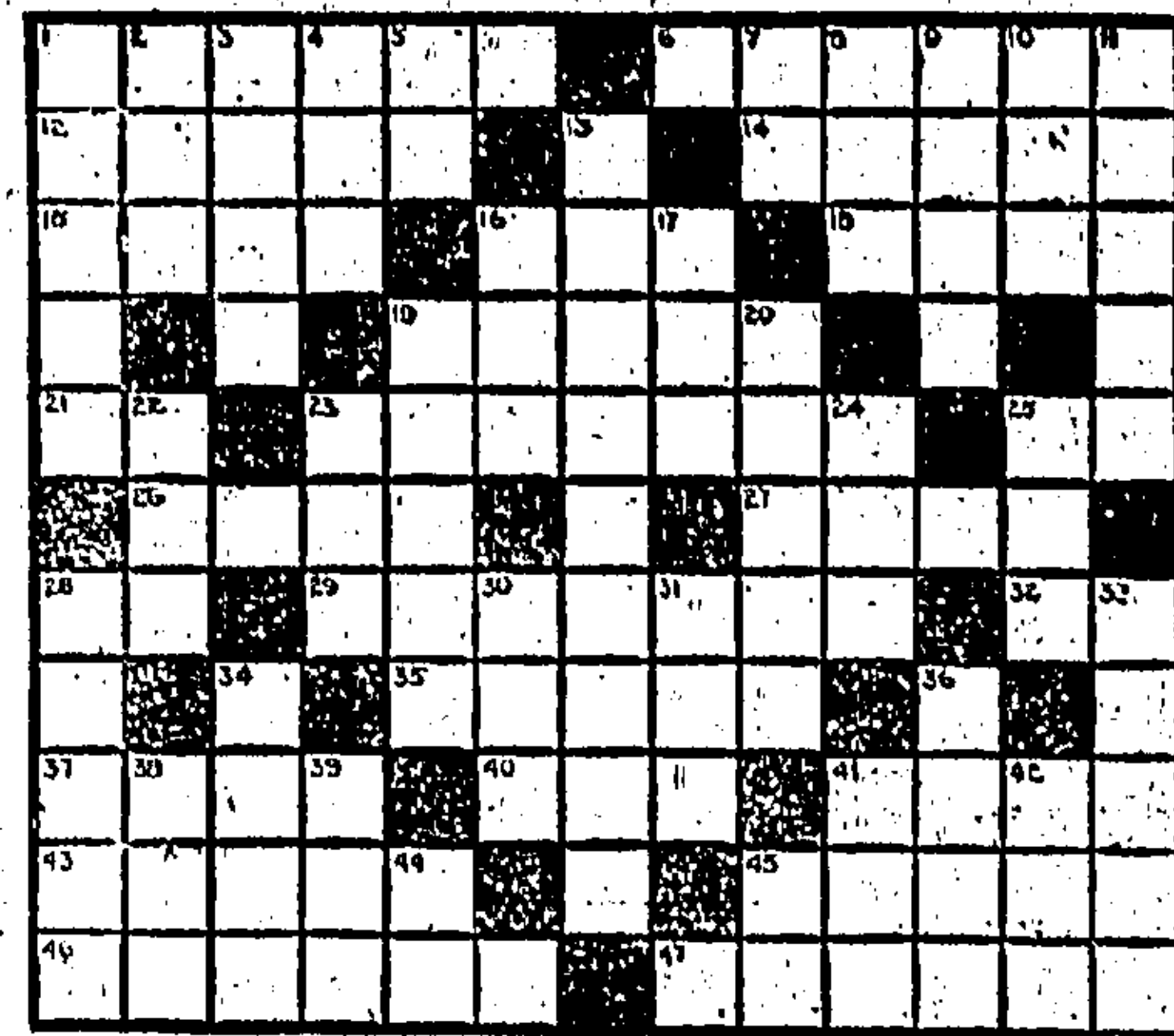
To clean any coloured kid gloves, pour a little benzene into a basin, and wash the gloves with it, rubbing and squeezing them until clean. If very dirty, they must be well washed with benzene and rinsed in a fresh supply. Hang up in the fresh air to dry. Any of these methods are simple and effective.

sponged with a little onion water. This can be prepared by removing the skins of two or three onions, boiling them in about a pint of water, and straining through a fine strainer. It should be used while warm.

Bronze ornaments should be dusted with a muslin or silk duster, a soft brush being used for ornamental parts. If very soiled, they may be sponged with stale beer, and polished with a leather when dry.

Mirrors that have been smeared may be rubbed over with a paste consisting of fine whiting and methylated spirits, which should be wiped off when dry and the mirror polished with a chamois leather.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Horizontal.

- 1 Who invented the gasoline motor for the automobile?
- 6 What tunnel pierces the Continental Divide near Denver?
- 12 String of railway cars.
- 14 Foolish act.
- 15 At one time.
- 16 Individual root stock of a lily of the valley.
- 18 Ball of medicine.
- 19 Staid.
- 21 Printer's measure.
- 23 Commenced.
- 25 Measure of area.
- 26 Region.
- 27 Bartered.
- 28 Near.
- 29 Lattice work.
- 32 Correlative of either.
- 35 Shiny silk.
- 37 To satiate.
- 40 To knock.
- 41 Verbal.
- 43 Lubricated.
- 45 The first part.
- 46 What great English admiral was killed in the Battle of Trafalgar?
- 47 What famous Roman general conquered Gaul and Britain?

Vertical.

- 1 Who was the first attorney-general under the Coolidge administration?
- 2 Sea eagle.
- 3 Decorative mesh.
- 4 To perish.
- 5 Half an em.
- 7 Preposition.
- 8 Fashion.
- 9 To flutter.

- 10 Every.
- 11 Who was the tenth president of the United States?
- 13 What strait connects in the Mediterranean Sea with the Atlantic Ocean?
- 16 Blue grass.
- 17 House cat.
- 19 Heavenly bodies.
- 20 Amber.
- 22 Verb of permission.
- 23 To place.
- 24 Dower property.
- 25 Stir.
- 28 What essayist is alleged by some people to be the author of Shakespeare's works?
- 30 Organ of hearing.
- 31 Part of the mouth.
- 33 King.
- 34 Register of electors.
- 36 Coloured portion of the eye.
- 38 Fishhook.
- 39 Affirmative.
- 41 Rock containing metal.
- 42 Eucharist vessel.
- 44 To accomplish.
- 45 Dnd.

Yesterday's Solution.

DISAPPOINTMENTS
SANDER CORD
TRACTS FERINE
RENT TARE MASS
ARE GALEA LEE
N CARTELS R
GAD GLAZE ROT
LURK IRE PAGE
EGOIST SEEDER
DENSE CARIAS
RESERVATION

INSURANCE TEST CASE
CHILD-ENDOWMENT POLICY
ILLEGAL.

Mr. R. A. Griffith, the Merthyr Stipendiary Magistrate, gave judgment recently on a novel point arising out of an endowment policy of insurance for £128, granted by the City of Glasgow Friendly Society in respect of a child.

It was stated to be in the nature of a test case.

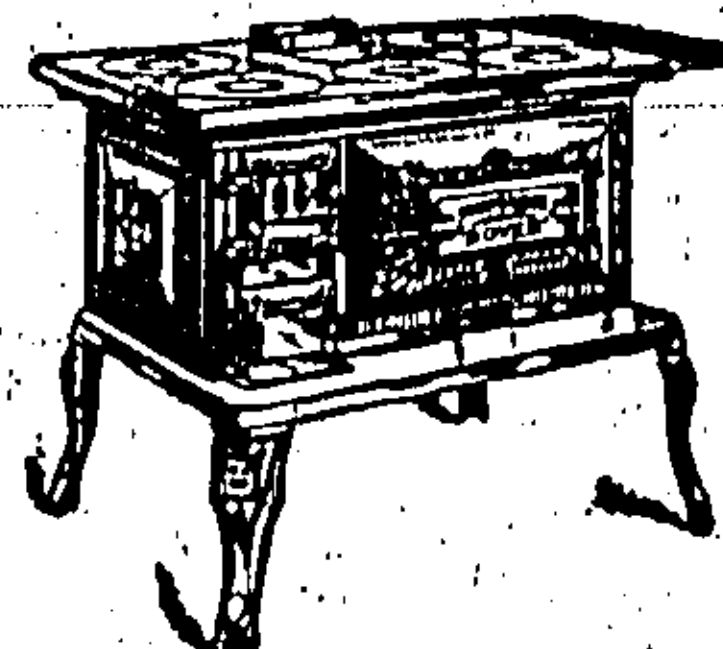
The policy, he said, purported to secure a certain sum payable at the expiration of a fixed period, but the company had reckoned on the possibility of the insured person dying before the end of the period, and in order, no doubt, not to discourage business, they had inserted a clause providing for the repayment of 90 per cent. of the contributions at death.

It was contended on behalf of the defence, he said, that this was subsidiary to the main purpose of the policy, that there was no contract of assurance, and that the repayment of premiums was a mere act of grace on the part of the society.

"I think, however, that the document must be looked at as a whole," he added, "and the questions I have to consider are whether the society incurred a legal obligation to pay a sum of money on the death of the child, and whether the sum is in excess of the maximum permitted by the Friendly Societies Acts, which, in the case of a child over six and under ten is £15. I hold that this policy is in part an insurance on death, and a breach of Section 84 of the Friendly Societies Act."

He imposed a penalty of £5, and said he would be happy to state a case.

THE DOVER



The Ideal Stove

Estimates submitted
for all types of stoves.

GAY KEE

89, Des Voeux Road, Central
TELEPHONE C. 5503.

MRS. SEKAI

MASSAGE

6, Wyndham Street, 1st floor,
Hongkong.

MRS. MOTONO

HAND & ELECTRIC

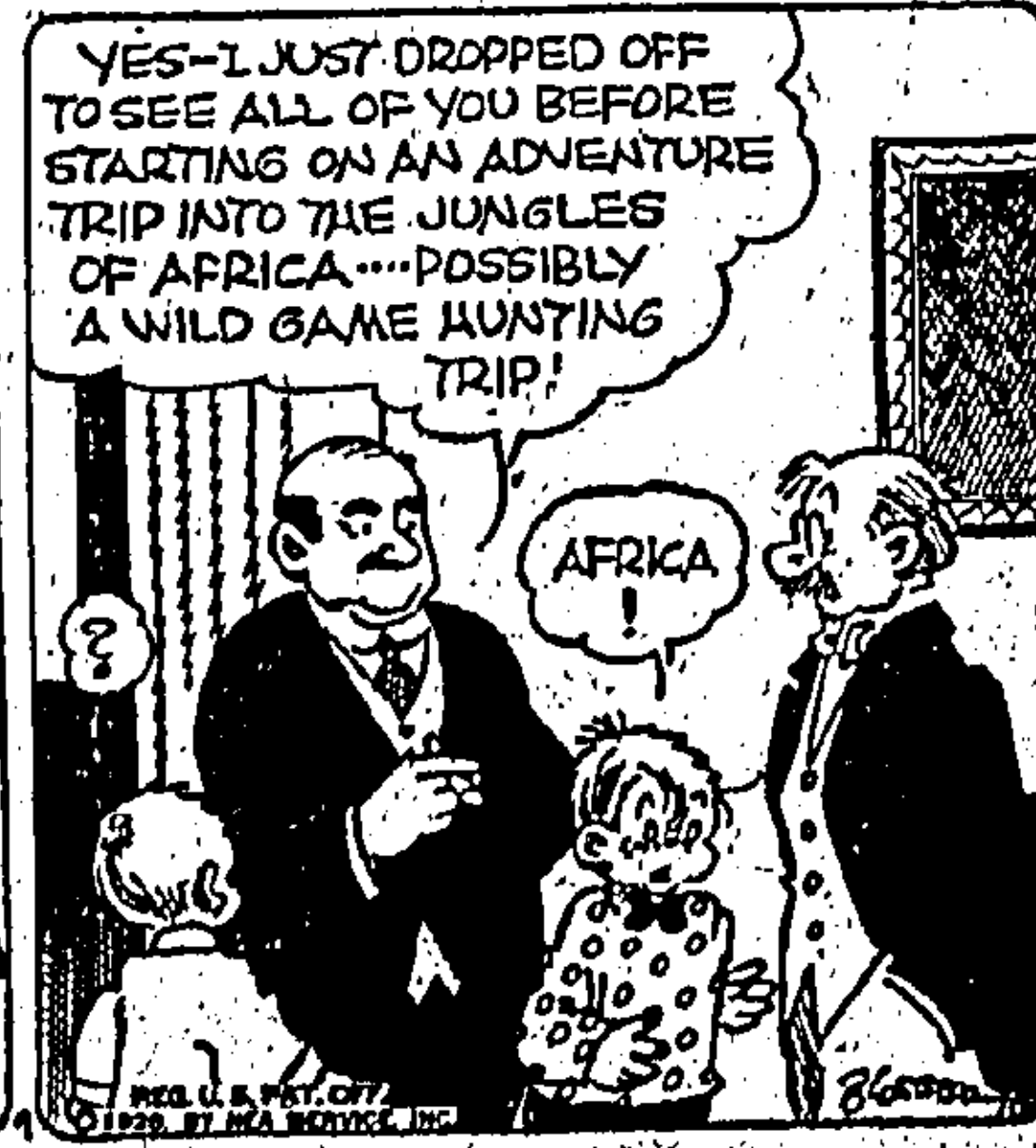
MASSAGE

No. 31B, Top Floor, Wyndham St.
Hongkong.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

What's This?

By Blosser



Mackenzie's
MOSQUITO LOTION.
A COUNTER-IRRITANT
to Mosquito Bites.

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY

16, Queen's Road, C.

Tel. C. 1877.

For Picnics, Tennis Parties,
&c., &c.

FORMAZONE

the non-alcoholic

CHAMPAGNE

A excellent substitute for sparkling wine, possessing wonderfully stimulating and refreshing qualities.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Aerated Water Manufacturers.
Phone C. 436.



Come in
and hear this greatest
of all entertainers!

HEAR a list of your favorite musical selections at our store. The Orthophonic Victrola reproduces them marvelously—clear, rich, and convincingly realistic!

Let us show you our stock of Orthophonic Victrolas. We have instruments in designs to match every interior, and at prices to fit every purse. A small down-payment will put one in your home. Come in soon and ask us about this plan.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

(Victor Distributors.)



"PEALL"

BILLIARD CUES

(NEW STOCK)

\$13.50 each.

"EMPIRE MATCH"

BILLIARD CUES

\$17.50 each.

ACCESSORIES

RESTS—TIPS—WAFERS—CHALK
All of SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Lane, Crawford Ltd.

Sports Department.



TOTAL

DRY FIRE

EXTINGUISHER

CONTENTS NEVER DETERIORATE
NO PERIODIC REFILLING

APPARATUS NEVER FAILS

NON-CONDUCTOR

of ELECTRICITY

RELIABLE, EFFICIENT, EFFECTIVE.

Types for Motor Cars, & Etc.

APPROVED BY BOARD OF TRADE,
LONDON.

KELLER KERN & Co., Ltd.
16/18 CONNAUGHT ROAD, C.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1928.

THE PRAYER BOOK.

The possibility of a termination of the controversy in regard to the Book of Common Prayer is mentioned in a statement by Sir William Joynton-Hicks, in which he refers to the preparation of an alternative Measure, embodying the Bishops' revised proposals, which is apparently to receive the consideration of the Church Assembly. Sir William, an ardent Churchman, was the leading spirit in the movement against the Revised Book submitted to and rejected by the House of Commons last year, but he evidently feels that even at this eleventh hour it may be possible to secure agreement between the opposing schools of thought. As the amended form of the Revised Book is shortly due to come before Parliament, those who wish for peace within the Church are naturally anxious that there shall be no recrudescence of the heated debate which marked the rejection of the 1927 Book, and the fear of yet a further throwing-out of the Measure is no doubt a big factor in the latest development which has taken place.

Despite all that has been done to remove the objectionable features of last year's Measure, there has been ample evidence that the Book in its new form fails to satisfy either one side or the other. Indeed, the 1928 Measure has received less backing than its predecessor, and in these circumstances it would be surprising if the House of Commons went back on its previous vote. According to Sir William Joynton-Hicks, it is in regard to the Holy Communion that the greatest divergence of viewpoint exists, and an effort is therefore being made to exclude from the new Book the contentious matter under this heading. The point, however, must not be overlooked that Sir William belongs to the evangelical school, and although further amendment in this connexion may please him and those who think with him, it is to be doubted whether it will be so easy to secure the approval of the Anglo-Catholics. The latter, even now, do not think that the 1928 Measure goes far enough. One of their spokes-

men, the Archdeacon of Cornwall, complained the other day that whilst the observance of the Fast before Communion is described in the Measure as an ancient and laudable custom, the point as to whether it should be observed or neglected is left entirely to individual discretion. Moreover, he added, whilst the need of continuous Reservation of the Blessed Sacrament is recognised, it is hedged about with grudging and meticulous restrictions. The whole Rubric, he declared, is framed in such a way as almost inevitably to provoke resentment, if not resistance. Let us compare these assertions with the words of a well-known evangelical when he says the new Book will make for bitterness rather than peace, and that it is "a monument of disappointment and disillusion."

Whether anything will come of the suggestion that there should be yet another revision of the Book before it again comes to Parliament for approval, we shall soon know. The anxiety felt by Church leaders at this juncture is quite understandable, of course, for the cry of Disestablishment might easily be raised if the issues are not soon settled one way or the other. Whether Disestablishment would be good or bad for the State or the Church is a debatable point, but we do most unhesitatingly say that neither the House of Commons nor the people are in any mood to compromise with any school of religious thought which would weaken British Protestantism. There may be room in the Anglican Church for those who differ on essentials, but any movement by the extremists to force Roman practices on its members would inevitably have disastrous reactions. That battle was fought and won at the time of the Reformation. Whatever else goes, Protestantism must be preserved.

Contemptible Trick.

If the Nanking Government, or Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang, have any desire to retain the respect and sympathy of foreigners in China, no time will be lost in offering a full apology for the contemptible trick by which General Pao Yu-lin and his Manchurian troops were trapped in Peking, and in according the Northern leader the honour due to him. Pao Yu-lin stayed, at the request of the Diplomatic Body, to preserve order in Peking during the transition period, on the distinct understanding with Nanking that he would be permitted to leave unmolested when the Nationalist occupation was effected. Pao Yu-lin performed his task admirably, a notable instance being the suppression of a concerted attempt by prisoners in the military goal to escape. When the Shanai forces entered the south gate, Pao Yu-lin's forces marched out of the east gate and proceeded to Tuenchow, and it was here the Kuomintang treachery exhibited itself. The remainder of the story, the futile efforts of four Foreign Ministers to secure satisfaction from a truculent General, the disarming of Pao's forces, and Pao's necessity to seek refuge in the Legation Quarter, have been fully described. The flagrant breach of faith not only impugns the honour of the entire Nationalist cause, but also involves the honour of the Diplomatic Body. We suppose that responsibility lies largely with Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang and that it is merely one more ignominious episode to add to the "Christian" General's history. None the less it is astonishing that Feng could countenance such despicable action even in his most churlish mood, and we trust he will seriously re-consider his attitude immediately. The matter will not be regarded except in the gravest light in foreign circles, and whatever the outcome, the slur on the Chinese code of honour will not be easily obscured. Incidentally, we should not be taken by surprise if the immediate result of the impasse is to prove Nanking's lack of authority over Feng Yu-hsiang.

The Radio Telegraph Office advises that commencing 12th June the radio-telegraphic rate between Hongkong and Canton is reduced to 20 cents (Hongkong currency) per word. No charges will be payable by addressees at either end.

DAY BY DAY.

PEOPLE WHO ARE ARROGANT ON ACCOUNT OF THEIR WEALTH ARE ABOUT EQUAL TO OUR LAPLANDERS, WHO MEASURE A MAN'S WORTH BY THE NUMBER OF HIS REINDEER.—*Fredrika Bremer.*

The P. and O. s.s. Kashgar, from Hongkong, arrived at Marseilles on 9th June at 8 p.m.

According to a police report, a Chinese was admitted to the Government Civil Hospital yesterday in a serious condition, suffering from the effects of injuries received at the Tai-koo Sugar Refinery.

We regret to record the death of Private Plum, of the Queen's Regiment, which took place at the Military Hospital, where the deceased had been a patient for some time. The funeral takes place this afternoon.

A shopkeeper of 5, Wong Yuen Street East, reported to the police yesterday that a fox employed at his shop absconded with \$45 which he collected against certain singlets entrusted to him for delivery.

The s.s. Anjou, after swinging for compass adjustment yesterday, was berthed at her wharf and is understood to be resuming service on the West River run to-morrow. She has been completely reconditioned and will sail under the command of Captain D. Scully.

The river steamer Wing On, Tai Ming and Fook On, arriving from the West River during the past 24 hours, have nothing to add to the reports already received regarding the sinking of the s.s. Koehow. The wrecked vessel appears to be sinking into the mud, but remains in an upright position.

In regard to the affray in Connaught Road West in which the crew of a cargo junk were engaged in a scuffle with cargo coolies, a number of other Chinese were brought before Mr. R. E. Lindsell this morning. His Worship bound twelve men over in a personal bond of \$50 each to be of good behaviour for six months.

At the Kowloon Magistracy today, Mr. W. Schofield fined a Chinese, who appeared on remand, \$25 for selling singlets bearing an infringement of the Kam Hing Knitting factory's trade mark. Mr. O. C. C. Marton prosecuted. At a previous hearing, the defendant appeared in conjunction with a female stall-holder who was fined for a similar offence.

Charges of keeping a common gaming house at No. 15, Shanghai Street and of being in possession of 54 *pin* lottery tickets were brought against a stall holder before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The defendant pleaded guilty and was fined \$75, or six weeks' hard labour, on the first charge and \$50, or one month, on the second.

Mr. Ho In, Comptroller of the Mercantile Bank of India, has received a letter from the Honorary Secretary of the Shantung Relief Fund of Singapore thanking him for a remittance of \$900 in Hongkong currency sent to that Fund through the Chamber of Commerce in Singapore. The letter states, "I thank you on behalf of my Committee for this contribution to this Fund and the spirit in which this was made is greatly appreciated."

The Harbour Office reports for the 24 hours ended 9 a.m. to-day gave 16 arrivals and 21 departures, with British holding top place. Tonnage was good, but freights, except under the British flag, were poor. British boats returned a total of more than 22,000 tons under both headings, while of the throughs, only two other nationalities registered. There remained in harbour this morning 62 vessels, of which 24 were British.

An interesting sequel to Capt. Robert Dollar's recent visit to Singapore has been his decision to give \$2,500 towards the cost of the new Straits Chinese Methodist Church which is about to be constructed at Kampong Rapor. The veteran shipowner has thus given another proof of his strong personal liking for the Chinese people. He has contributed generously to a number of Y.M.C.A. buildings in China, and it is not long since he gave \$50,000 gold for a Chinese Y.M.C.A. in San Francisco.

THE "SOUTHERN CROSS."

Sydney, June 11. The enthusiastic reception offered to the airman of the "Southern Cross" continues. They are leaving for Melbourne on Wednesday.—*Reuter.*

The "Once Over."

[By K. K. K.]

They say it does us good sometimes to see ourselves as others see us. Well, the other night I was having the half with my old friend, Mr. Elmer P. Nutt, and he delivered himself of his views on "What's Wrong with Hongkong." I don't need to add to what he said. Here it is:

"As you know, I'm rather a stranger to your old burg [he and I were old friends in Shanghai], but it sure is worth the once over. That view from the Peak is the cat's pyjamas. Yes, sir. But you'll pardon me if I say it doesn't stand a second look. As a beauty spot, I'd give it 100 per cent., but as a centre organised for modern big business it isn't worth a damn. Victoria is just a couple of departmental stores and one Main Street with a slum at each end of it.

"Now, if our Henry came over here and bought this place, he'd close it down for six weeks, reorganise it and double its efficiency. There isn't much room, I admit, but what there is, you waste.

"The Naval Dockyard and the Cantonment should be promoted to the mainland, and the Finest Site should be added to the business quarter. Wanchai and Kennedy Town would be scrapped, and the Praya Reclamation 'wouldn't be left lying idle for longer than it takes to build a back-ground in Hollywood. Morrison Hill would fade away like foam on near-beer, and there'd be trolley-cars through the Peak to Aberdeen before you could say 'knife.'

"Gosh, I should like Henry to have a free hand with this little settlement. He'd deliver the goods, even if he did put a few wrinkles in the Sheriff's dome. What's the use of rubbing along with the old methods when we're living in 1928? Why don't some of you red-blooded he-men get together and put it over?

"Then there's that mess called Kowloon. Who did it? It's not my business, of course, but it gets me right where I live when I see the way you British stop dead just where the proposition begins to show a dividend. Gee, whiz, it does."

And I suppose that's that. But what's the Government going to do about it?

CHIEF ENGINEER'S DEATH.

MR. M. D. KERR PASSES AWAY AT SHANGHAI.

The death took place at Shanghai on June 6th, on board the C.M.S. Kwanglee, of a very popular and old merchant marine officer, Mr. Malcolm Daniel Kerr. Mr. Kerr, who was chief engineer of the Kwanglee, had not been feeling at all well for some days, and in the morning at about 6.30 o'clock retired to his cabin to rest. About an hour afterward he was found dead on the couch in his cabin.

The medical officer, Dr. Wall, and the coroner, Mr. I. T. Morris, were called and, after evidence of identification had been given by Capt. Tollefson, the inquest was adjourned.

At the resumed inquest, a verdict of death from natural causes was returned.

The deceased officer, who was 51 years of age, was born at Lochranza, Arran, Scotland, and served his apprenticeship with Messrs. Rankin & Blackmore, Greenock, from 1896 to 1905. Upon the completion of his service with that firm, he immediately joined the China Navigation Co. and served on various ships, eventually attaining the position of chief engineer. In 1916, Mr. Kerr obtained leave to join the army and was gazetted 2nd Lieut., and saw service in Mesopotamia with the Inland Water Transport. After demobilization he rejoined the C.N. Co. in January 1920, and in October, 1922, resigned his position with the Co. Deceased then paid a visit to Calcutta to visit his brother, who was Superintendent Engineer of the B.I.S.N. Co., and upon returning to China in 1923 accepted a position with the Shanghai Dock Co., but did not remain long with them for, in the same year, he joined the China Merchants Steamship Co., in whose service he was at the time of his death.

Mr. Kerr was unmarried, and it is believed that there are two sisters living in Perth, Arran, while his brother who was residing at Calcutta pre-deceased him.

The Very Idea!

The Long Arm of Coincidence.—Viscountess Grey of Fallodon gives the following curious literary coincidence.—"Some lines, on a sun-dial, were given me by a friend, before I knew their author, copied from his sun-dial. I found they were not a sonnet in that they numbered thirteen lines, and I amused myself by composing a fourteenth line, which I placed fifth in the octave, and so made it complete.

"Years later, when my Common Place Book was to be published, I wrote for their author's permission for their inclusion, and told him what I had done. In his reply he wrote that originally there had been fourteen lines, but the stone-cutter, in engraving the sun-dial had dropped one out, and mistakes in stone are not easily remedied.

"But now that it is to be printed," he added, "here is the line; please insert it." Then I found the original line belonged not only where I had placed my line, but, with the exception of one word, they were identical."

Wilkesden witness: I am only a common working man, like any one else.

Woman, at Mansfield: She gets her invalid husband up at 6 a.m. to thrash people in the yard, and she helps him with the rolling pin.

Man, in Wilkesden railway fraud case: I know a man who has shown a match-box for a season-ticket for the past week.

A man complained at Old-street that his wife had locked him out. Mr. Snell, magistrate: Who pays the rent? The man: I do. Mr. Snell: Don't pay the rent, and the landlord will step in. That is the best way.

North London mother: My boy could not go to school in broken boots. Attendance officer: The boots were covered with wet mud, and the only place he could have picked up that was the fair ground.

A delightful comedy illustrative of the passion for law and order which has been evoked under the Fascist regime was played on a tram in Rome recently.

The rule is that passengers shall mount the car at the rear and alight from the front platform. A German tourist who was ignorant of this regulation found himself in a wrong car, and he hopped off from the rear steps. He had gone some little distance when he was hailed by the conductor of the tram from which he had just descended, who ran after him, and drawing his attention to the rules, requested him to go back to the tram and get off the right way. He refused to do anything so foolish.

A wordy argument ensued, and the driver of the tram came up and supported his colleague. Meanwhile the whole traffic was held up, and there was much sulphurous language from the drivers of other trams and vehicles that found their path obstructed. The tourist declared that he would rather pay a fine than do anything so senseless as go back to the tram.

However, his protestations were cut short by two policemen, who took him gently by the arm, and, disregarding his loud objections and the sarcastic comments of other passengers, hoisted him on the tram and compelled him to go out by the proper door. The regulations having been vindicated, the stream of traffic was able to proceed.

"How did the Smith wedding go off?"

"Fine, until the parson asked the bride if she'd obey her husband."

"She replied, 'Do you think I'm crazy?' and the groom, who was in a sort of daze, replied, 'I do.'"

At Wheeler, in Virginia, physicians are asking that criminals should have their interiors investigated by means of X-rays, in order to discover if there remains in the body the thymus gland which it is said sometimes persists in adults instead of disappearing after childhood. The particular function of this gland, say United States scientists, is the persistence of criminal mentality, and they are confident that by its removal the criminal statistics will be very greatly reduced.

Prisoner (charged with obstructing a constable in the execution of his duty by striking him on the mouth): I didn't go my hardest. I have often been chipped by the police.

Mr. Archdall: Chipped? What does he mean?

Sub-Inspector: It is a slang term, your Worship.

THE "WANTED" MAN CASE.

THREE MEN CHARGED WITH KIDNAPPING.

ARGUMENT ON BAIL.

The three Chinese who previously appeared before Major C. Willson on a charge of kidnapping a "wanted" man named Mui Yat-chuen were brought before his Worship again this morning, when Mr. T. G. Bennett informed the Magistrate that he had been instructed to appear on their behalf.

Mr. Bennett applied for a week's remand, informing his Worship that there was much detail to be gone into and many accounts to be examined.

The Magistrate granted the remand and fixed bail of \$500 for the first man and \$100 each for the two watchmen concerned in the case.

Mr. Bennett then applied for the books and documents seized by the police from the Hung Lee Company.

His Worship told Mr. Bennett that he could arrange that with the police.

Mui Yat-chuen was then brought before the Magistrate, and Mr. F. H. Loseby, appearing on his behalf, asked his Worship to fix a date.

His Worship remanded the defendant until Friday afternoon.

New Complainant.

At this stage, Chief Detective Inspector Murphy informed his Worship that the man who originally swore the affirmation leading to the issue of the warrants against defendant was in Court. He asked for permission to put this man's name down as complainant, instead of the C.S.P.

In reply to his Worship, the C.D.I. said that at the previous hearing the man was not in Court, due perhaps to the fact that the defendant was brought up immediately after his arrest.

His Worship made the necessary alteration.

The Bail Question.

Mr. Loseby then applied for the bail of \$5,000 to be reduced in the case of his client, pointing out that in a much more serious case bail of only \$100 was granted. He said that the complainant was also involved in the case in which three men were charged, and he did not think there would be any opposition.

Mr. Bennett said he objected to a reduction of bail. At the same time he told his Worship to note that now that the complainant had appeared, he would appear for the prosecution.

Mr. Loseby said it would be difficult to complete the evidence for the defence if his client was in prison, in which event it would be quite impossible to go on with the charge against the last three defendants. It would be to Mr. Bennett's advantage if Mr. Loseby's client were to escape, as he was bringing the most serious charge possible against Mr. Bennett's clients.

Mr. Bennett pointed out that a warrant had been out against Mr. Loseby's client for the past two years and the charges involved something over \$10,000. He understood that in the matter of bail the practice was to fix a figure somewhere around the sum involved.

Fixed at \$2,000.

Mr. Loseby stated that the only charges he knew of were in respect of \$1,198, \$245 and \$194.

His Worship then granted bail of \$2,000.

C. D. I. Murphy:—On behalf of the police, I consider that to be too light, because the other case hinges on this. If this case falls through, the other automatically goes by the board.

His Worship:—Oh, I think it is enough to secure the defendant.

C. D. I. Murphy:—Very good. All I desired was to secure his attendance.

YUNNAN TUCHUN'S ESTATE.

LEAVES THREE LAKHS TO ELDEST SON.

Hongkong estate to the value of \$334,700 was left by Tang Chi-yao, who died at Yunnanfu on or about May 23, last year. Probate has been granted to Tang Shao-shan, 87 Kowloon Tong, the eldest son, who is the executor. The estate consists principally of deposits in local banks which are handed over to the son to manage.

The testator was General Tang Chi-yao, who for many years was Tuchun and Civil Governor of Yunnan Province. Driven out in 1921, he was Chief of the General Staff in the Canton Government, and regained control of the Province in the following year.

SHANGHAI COURT SCENE.

CHINESE LAWYER ARGUES WITH JUDGE.

ORDERED TO SEAT.

Disorderly scenes were witnessed in the Shanghai Provisional Court, on Friday last, when six students appeared before Judge Hsiling and Mr. Van den Berg for judgment in the cases in which they were charged with offences resulting from their endeavours to enforce the anti-Japanese boycott.

Two of them were charged with having prevented persons from carrying on their lawful business, namely, the transportation of goods from Pingliang Road to Soochow Road, on May 31, in Yangtzepoo Road. The four others were charged with having confiscated six bales of cotton of Japanese origin, which were being taken from the wharf to the godown on May 28.

Ordered to Sit Down.

At the outset of the hearing, Mr. Peu Tsing-yuh stood up in Court and said that he represented the accused but he was told by the Judge that, as he had not appeared previously and another lawyer already had appeared for the accused, he had no standing in the court.

Mr. Peu, however, declined to sit down and began to argue with the Judge.

This continued for several minutes until finally Mr. Peu was ordered to be seated.

Order having been restored, judgment was delivered. The two students in the first charge were sentenced to two months' detention each with no commutation into fine allowed and in the case of the other four, the first two accused were found not guilty on account of insufficient evidence and the remainder were sentenced to 50 days imprisonment each, commutation into fine being refused. The six bales of cotton were ordered to be returned to their lawful owners.

The Deputy's Rider.

Mr. Van den Berg added the following rider to the judgment: The literature, documents, badges, etc., seized at the premises of the branch office in East Seward Road show beyond doubt that part of an extensive organization is established within the limits of this Settlement, which organization aims at forcing people to abstain from dealing in Japanese goods and, if the people are unwilling to do so, to deprive them thereof by force, thereby causing its members to violate the law and expose them to persecution and punishment.

It is a well-known fact that, locally, meetings advocating an anti-Japanese boycott have been held at an equally well-known place, which meetings are dominated by a person whose identity and affiliations are no secret, and, so long as people of his mentality are allowed a free hand in egging on others or making it attractive to them to commit what may be styled hostile acts against a foreign state, the Settlement authorities will be faced with extreme difficulties in maintaining peace and order.

I take grave exception to the misbehaviour of Mr. Peu Tsing-yuh, who, after pleadings in this case were closed and before judgment was pronounced, made a written application to this Court for bail for the accused and signed and sent a letter purporting to come from the Chinese Bar Association, setting forth what is supposed to be the view of the said Association has regarding this case, namely, that all accused are not guilty.

Although the Judge pointed out to him that he had no standing in the present Court at all, he not having appeared for the accused during the trial, he insisted on making statements and in handing in his power of attorney.

Gross Misbehaviour.

I respectfully draw the attention of the President of this Court to such gross misbehaviour and suggest that disciplinary steps be taken against him immediately.

Furthermore, I wish to express my utmost surprise that Mr. Shi Yu-seng, who evidently desires to be considered the responsible legal representative of the complainants in this case, should be so unprincipled as to get up in Court at the close of the trial, and endeavour to prejudice his clients' case by invoking the Court's leniency on the grounds of what he is pleased to call the patriotism of members of an organization which, in this particular case, most obviously aimed at the ruin of its commercial competitors by illegal means.

CURIOUS POSITION OF CREDITOR.

REFUSAL TO ACCEPT STAMP DUTY.

DOCUMENT ALLEGEDLY NOT LEGAL FOR 20 CENTS.

TWO MONTHS' DELAY.

Because the Controller (Colonial Treasurer) would not stamp a document, his client, through no fault of his own, was deprived of his legal rights in recovering over \$300, declared Mr. C. A. S. Russ in the Summary Court this morning during the hearing of an action against a guarantor for \$325. The case was heard by Mr. Justice Jacks.

The plaintiff was, Un Man-chik, 141, Bonham Strand East, merchant, who claimed from Au Pung-chau, and the Tin Shing Hing Kee restaurant, both of 2, Percival Street, Causeway Bay, the balance of money lent by the plaintiff to Au Pak-ming.

The repayment was guaranteed by the defendants on December 7, last year. Mr. C. A. S. Russ was for the plaintiff and the defendants were represented by Mr. A. el Arculli.

On April 12, the case came before Mr. Justice Wood, who upheld Mr. Arculli's objection that the document on which Mr. Russ was suing was of a double nature, being a promissory note and a guarantee and, further, was not properly stamped.

At Mercy of Official.

Mr. Russ said that unfortunately when the document which might have been part of their evidence, was taken to the stamp office in the ordinary way a \$1 stamp was affixed.

It was subsequently decided that the stamp should have been 20 cents more, because the paper was in the nature of a double document. An application was made to the controller for permission to further stamp it, but this was refused.

"It was a perfectly reasonable application as it was one of his own officials who told us what the stamp should be," the plaintiff himself dealt with the matter with the result that, without the assistance of a solicitor, he was at the mercy of the officials.

"It is obviously unfair," said Mr. Russ, "that a man should lose \$325 because he is told by the official that the stamp is 20 cents less than it should be. I am going to put my client in the box and I am going to ask him if it is not a fact that this money was verbally guaranteed."

"It is quite true that a guarantee has to be in writing, but it is also true that no statutory defence can be raised without the leave of the court unless 24 hours' written notice is given to the plaintiff, his solicitor or counsel."

Mr. Russ added that he was taking technical points because he could not help feeling he was morally justified in taking his case as far as he possibly could owing to the stamp failure.

Written Document.

Mr. Russ added that the other side gave notice that they were going to rely upon the special defence of

MOTORISTS' NASTY EXPERIENCE.

PEKING FOREIGNERS ARE FIRED ON.

LUCKY ESCAPES.

Peking, June 7.

A party of foreigners consisting of Mr. H. N. Steptoe, a Vice-Consul at the British Legation; Captain John P. Ratay, the assistant military attaché at the American Legation; Mr. Kendall, an American resident of Peking; and a German chaplain, Dr. Ziegler, had an exciting experience when making the trip from Tientsin to Peking in a British motor-car to-day.

Twenty-five miles out of Tientsin they came on some retreating Fengtien troops who opened a heavy fire on the car, hitting it several times.

The foreigners stopped the car and took refuge in a ditch but the Chinese soldiers advanced towards them, still firing heavily. After waving a handkerchief tied to a stick, Captain Ratay climbed out of the ditch and, after several marvellous escapes from bullets, managed to persuade the soldiers to cease firing and to allow the car to proceed.

It appears that another car, alleged to be Japanese, had driven at full speed through the soldiers while they were on the march shortly before the British car came along. The behaviour of the driver of the first car so incensed the Chinese troops that they fired at it and then attacked the next car which approached, which happened to be a British one.—*Reuter.*

"want of consideration." Mr. Russ continued he thought he was justified in saying that at the time the other side had had inspection of the documents but gave no notice that they were relying on the fact that the guarantee was not in writing.

His Lordship pointed out that if Mr. Russ was suing a guarantor he must do so on a written document.

Mr. Russ replied that it was up to the defendant to raise a statutory defence that there was no document in writing.

His Lordship said he did not think it would be any use to go into court without some document. "It seems to me in a case like this, with a guarantor, you have to start off with something in writing in order to have a case at all. It seems hardly necessary to plead a statutory defence." His Lordship later added that it would not be necessary for the defendant to do anything at all.

Primary Liability.

Mr. Russ further submitted it was not a guarantee under the Statute of Fraud Act. That Statute applied entirely to money lent and the guarantee in question was for payment of money on a lost note.

It was really a primary liability and not a guarantee at all. With regard to whether the document was properly stamped the Controller was not the deciding authority, but the court was.

Mr. Russ was proceeding to deal with the document to show why he considered it was not improperly stamped, when Mr. Arculli intervened with the remark that Mr. (Continued on Page 11.)

PRIVATION & PERIL IN TIBET.

DR. FILCHNER'S THRILLING EXPERIENCES.

HOSTILITY AT LHASA.

Bombay, June 1.

Dr. Filchner, the German explorer, who is staying in Calcutta for a few days before returning to Europe, had a thrilling tale to tell a Press representative of privation and peril in Tibet over a period of eighteen months.

Dr. Filchner started on the expedition from Russia and his first task was to complete the Russo-Chinese magnetic link, by establishing a connexion via the West Asiatic European magnetic net with the Chinese net, which was made by a magnetic survey party from the Carnegie Institute.

He stayed for a year near Kun-Bum in a big Tibetan monastery, where he renewed acquaintance with the priests whom he had met in a former Tibetan expedition.

While staying near the monastery, Dr. Filchner fell ill and would have died but for the attention from the English and American missionaries stationed there.

In Dr. Filchner's own words: "I was absolutely helpless. My money was all gone, I had no socks, my shoes were practically worn away, and it would have been absolutely impossible for me to go on but for their kindness."

No British Garrison.

When he had concluded his labours at Kun-Bum he left for Tibet, hoping, he says, "to find a British garrison at Lhasa, but we were told that there was no British garrison there."

"We now found ourselves regarded with suspicion. Soon, all ways of escape were blocked, the whole Tibetan garrison being mobilized, and we virtually prisoners."

"Scared by the sight of the instruments, the people became uneasy. I explained that the instruments were for bringing the sun nearer, which made them fear that the grass would be spoiled and the animals would die."

"Our position was now dangerous." Dr. Filchner had two companions, one an American, and the other, Dr. Mathewson, an Australian.

The latter secretly sent a messenger with one letter to the Viceroy, a second to the Dalai Lama, the High Priest at Lhasa, and a third to the representative of the British Government in Lhasa.

The travellers were not allowed to leave their tents at night but Dr. Filchner, by making a hole in the roof of his tent, contrived to continue his magnetical studies and the observation of the stars.

Finally the secret reached the British authorities, who persuaded the Dalai Lama to help the expedition, which was allowed to depart from Lhasa.



NEW STOCK OF Gentlemen's

"RAINGUARD"

Waterproofs

Just Received

Price \$13.50 Less

10% Discount for Cash.

The "Rainguard" is Guaranteed and is extremely light in weight.

We are clearing all sizes in "Peltinvain" Raincoats at 33% Discount for Cash. These are slightly soiled.

Inspection Invited.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.

Gentlemen's Outfitters.

HONGKONG REALTY & TRUST

Company, Limited.

HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS.

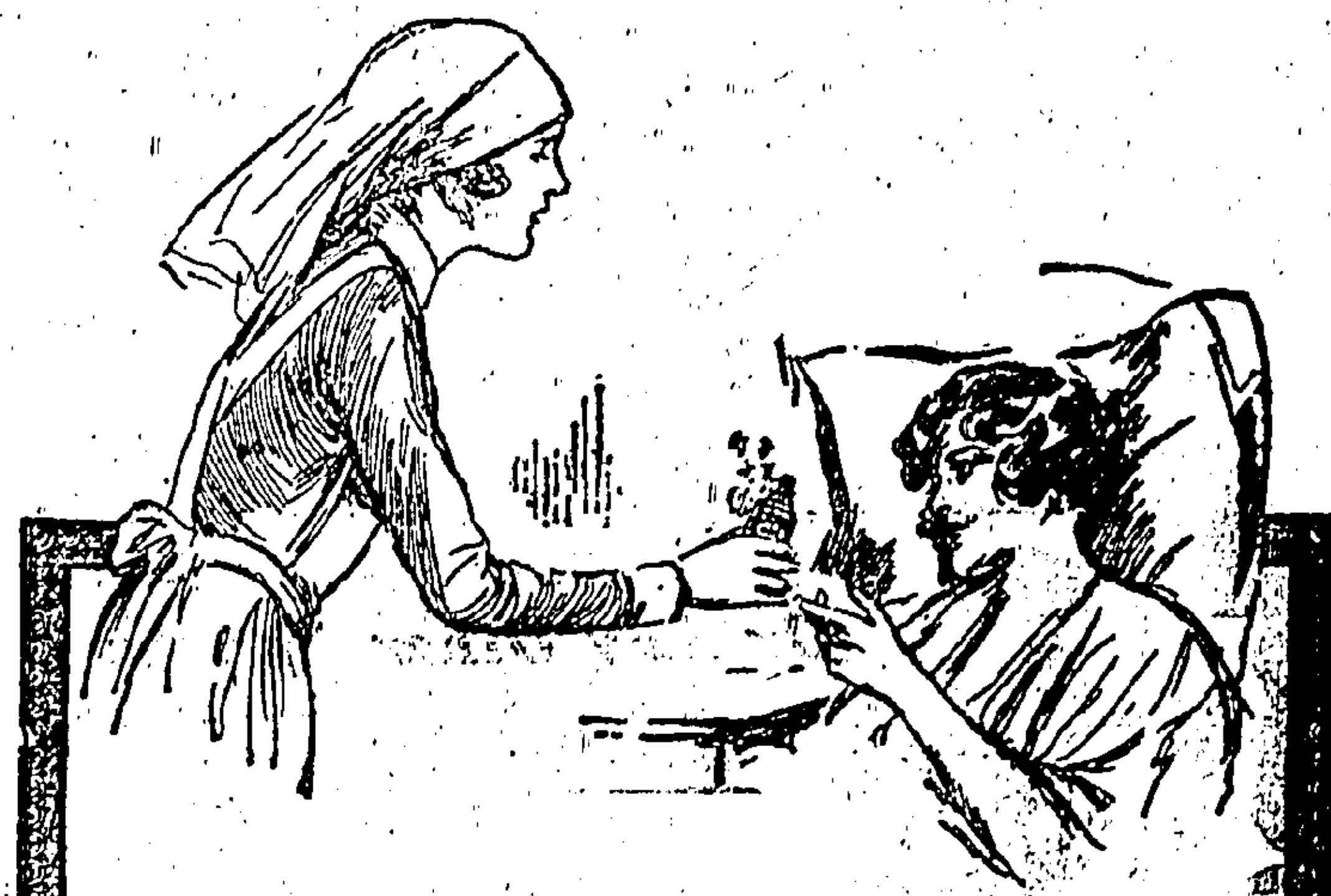
PROPERTY BROKERS.

TELEPHONE C. 4413.

EXCHANGE BUILDING

Glasgow Corporation has forbidden Alsatian dogs to be carried in their tramcars.

The Rev. J. T. Mumford, vicar of St. Laurence, Reading, has resigned the living.



IN THE SICK ROOM

Pure and fresh air is essential

"4711" Eau de Cologne with its cooling, purifying and refreshing properties is of inestimable value to the patient; and a few drops of "4711" sprinkled on the forehead of the sufferer will alleviate pain and bring restfulness.

Ask your dealer for "4711" with the Blue and Gold Label and refuse substitutes.

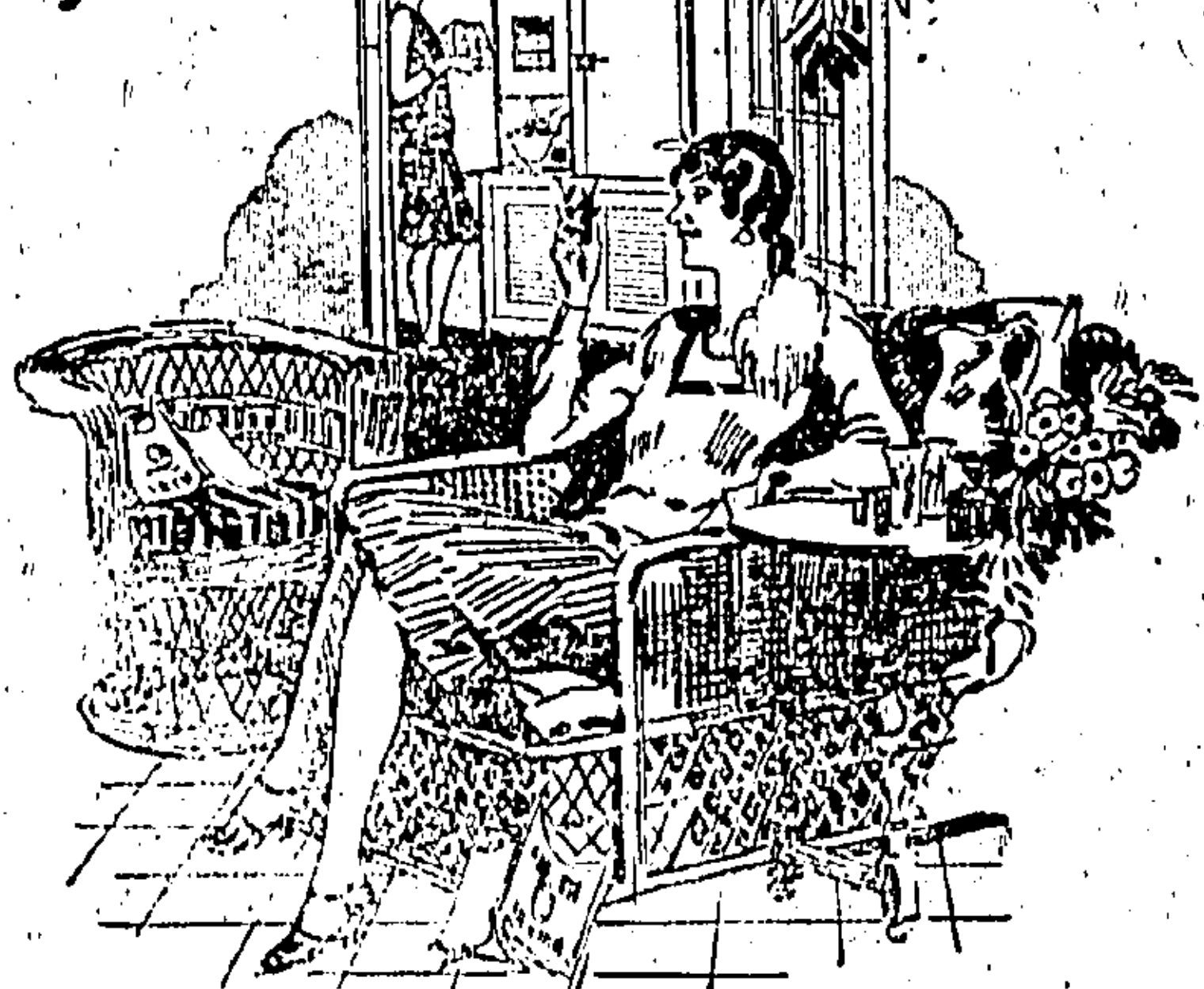


4711 Eau de Cologne



"If he was the town champion when he was a kid, I was born just fifty years too late."

90° in the shade-



Yet FRIGIDAIRE maintains cold-storage temperatures—automatically

FRIGIDAIRE makes its own ice—an abundance of crystal cubes from your own pure drinking water. And the patented self-sealing freezing trays also provide below-freezing temperatures for making frozen delicacies that help one forget hot weather discomforts. In the food compartment Frigidaire maintains cold storage temperatures that keep even the most perish-

able foods pure and fresh. The steel cabinet models are finished in white Duco with enamel or seamless porcelain lining. Five models are porcelain-finished inside and out. Yet prices are amazingly low, due to the tremendous resources of General Motors.

Visit our salesroom today and see the new Frigidaires. Or write or phone for an interesting booklet—sent free.

FRIGIDAIRE
Product of
GENERAL MOTORS

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS (HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA)

Phone C.1030.

Machinery Dept.

Demonstration models on view at our office and at the Hongkong Electric Co's Showroom.

MAGISTRATE AS CO-RESPONDENT.

COURTS DECREE AGAINST MR. V. R. M. GATTIE.

Lord Merrivale, in the Divorce Court recently, concluded the hearing of the suit in which Mr. Vernon Rodney Montagu Gattie, a Metropolitan police Magistrate, was cited as co-respondent.

Mr. Frank Burton Leach, a member of the Indian Civil Service, at

present living in a West End hotel, sought a decree nisi dissolving his marriage with his wife, Mrs. Dorothy Mary Leach, of King's Avenue, Ealing, because of her alleged adultery with Mr. Gattie.

His Lordship having reviewed the evidence, said that there would be a decree nisi with costs against Mr. Gattie.

Mrs. Leach and Mr. Gattie admitted having committed adultery until 1916, but they asserted that since that year their association had been of a purely friendly nature. They also asserted that

Mr. Leach knew of the early adultery and condoned it. Mr. Leach alleged that the misconduct did not cease in 1916, and he asserted that a guilty association had continued until 1927. This was denied by both Mrs. Leach and Mr. Gattie. Both Mrs. Leach and Mr. Gattie also gave evidence denying the charge.

Giving judgment, Lord Merrivale said that when the parties were married there was a difference of 10 years in age between them. Mr. Leach being 29 and his wife 20. What was alleged was that for a period from 1914 until shortly before last July, an adulterous relationship had existed between Mrs. Leach and Mr. Gattie.

In 1914 Mrs. Leach was about 24 and Mr. Gattie was 27. In the latter part of 1917 there came into the hands of Mr. Leach a letter which he intercepted. Mr. and Mrs. Leach were then living in a Hill station at Burma. He found two letters—one in ordinary terms of ordinary civil social intercourse, and the other what the petitioner described as a passionate letter, referring, as was now known, to the adultery between Mrs. Leach and Mr. Gattie in 1916 and 1916.

It was a letter in which Mr. Gattie said he wanted to take Mrs. Leach in his arms as he had done before and kiss her. In the witness-box Mr. Gattie admitted that it was a most improper letter, but said that it was the first of that kind he had written and that he was sorry that he had written it.

"Most Improper Letter."

Lord Merrivale said that with regard to the letter he had come to the conclusion that Mr. Leach had reserved his judgment, because, although it was a most improper letter, he did not wish to believe his wife guilty and he wanted to continue his life with her.

"I find that adultery in 1915 and 1916 has not been condoned," said Lord Merrivale.

Mr. Leach, his Lordship continued, wrote to Mr. Gattie saying how wrong it was that he should write such a letter, and saying that it could only lead to the Divorce Court, and Mr. Gattie did not answer it, and said in the witness-box that he deliberately did not answer it.

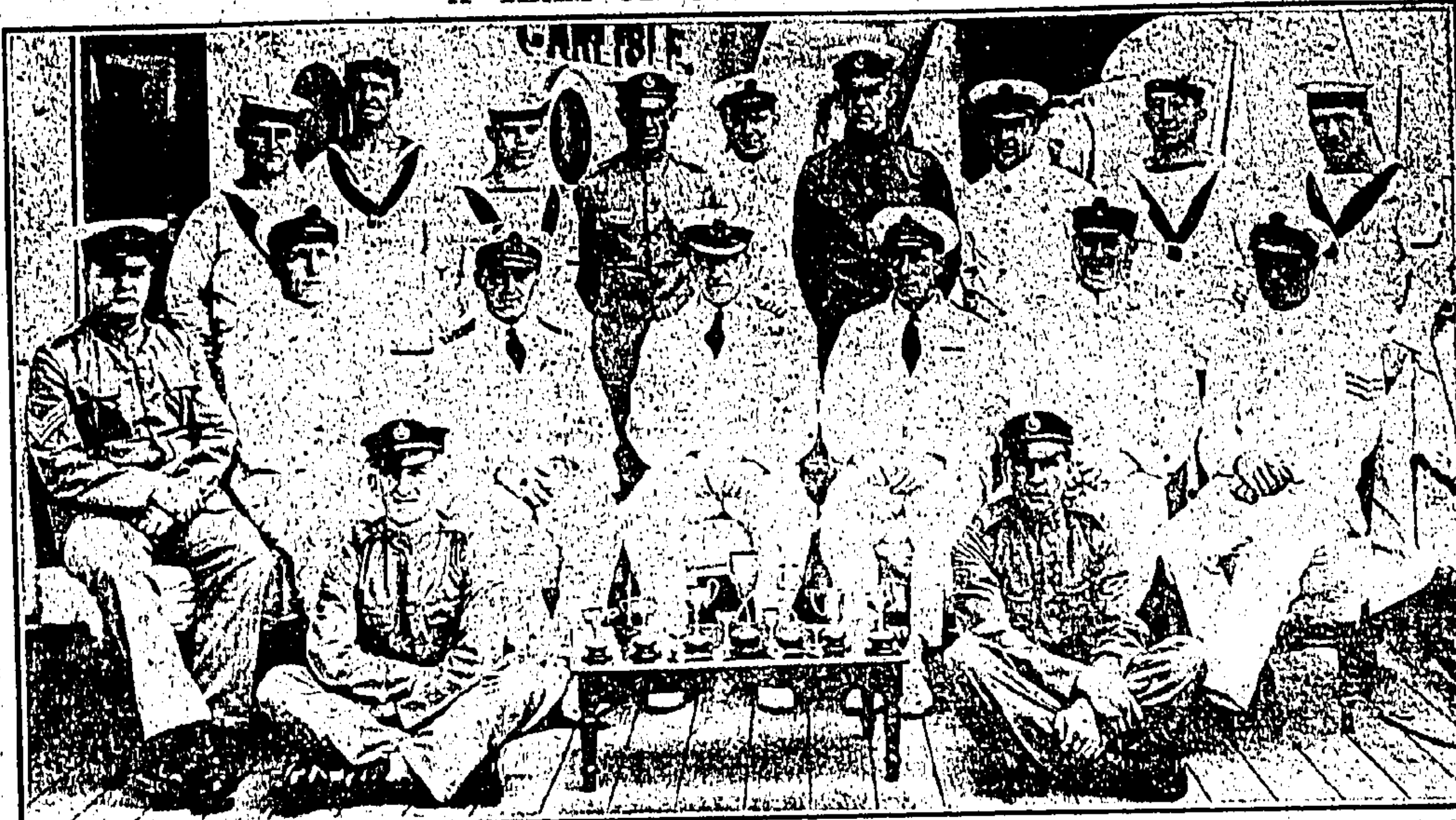
Lord Merrivale said he absolutely rejected the suggestion that Mr. Leach was a man capable of knowing the guilty association between his wife and Mr. Gattie, and making the knowledge serve his own ends.

Mr. Leach was not a man of that sort at all, and no suggestion had been made against him except that of forbearance. That Mr. Leach acquiesced in the continued guilty association between his wife and Mr. Gattie or that Mr. Leach knew that his wife was the paramour of Mr. Gattie the Court found to be untrue.

There was no doubt that Mrs. Leach and Mr. Gattie were lovers in 1915, 1916, and 1917, and that they renewed their relations when Mrs. Leach returned to this country and her husband was in Burma.

The Court was satisfied that Mr. Leach did not acquiesce in that association, and any evidence to the contrary the Court rejected. There would be a decree nisi with costs against Mr. Gattie.

A TEAM OF CRACK RIFLEMEN.



Rifle team from H.M.S. Carlisle that competed in the Shanghai Rifle Association's Annual Rifle Meeting. Out of 15 entries they won 15 prizes, including the Grand Aggregate and the Ladies' Competition.

INTERNATIONAL GOLF MATCH.

ENGLAND'S VICTORY OVER SCOTLAND.

London, May 20.

At Prestwick in the annual Anglo-Scottish match foursomes England beat Scotland by three matches to one.

One was halved.

The following were the detailed results: Wethered and Tolley beat Jameson and Guild by four and three.

Tweddell and Perkins beat Jenkins and Scott by three and two. Sir Ernest Holderness and Stout beat Torrance and Hope by three and two.

Robert Harris and Thorburn (Scotland) beat Storey and Rex Hartley by one up.

The match between Hardman and Beddard (England) and Campbell and T. Torrance was halved.

Reuter.

Singles' Results.

In the singles England beat Scotland by nine matches to nil and one was halved.

The following are the results in detail: Dr. Tweddell beat Mr. Jameson by four and three. Mr. Wethered beat Mr. Jenkins by three and two. Mr. Tolley beat Mr. Scott, junior, by two and one.

Sir Ernest Holderness beat Mr. Torrance by six and four. Mr. Stout beat Mr. Harris by four and two.

The Perkins and Hope match was halved. Mr. Storey beat Mr. Guild by two and one.

Mr. Hardman beat Mr. T. Torrance by two and one. Mr. Hartley beat Mr. Campbell by two and one. Mr. Beddard beat Mr. Thorburn by two and one.

The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries has made an order regulating the importation of cherries into England and Wales during the 1928 season. The object is to prevent the introduction of the cherry fruit fly, a pest which is very prevalent in certain Continental countries, but from which English orchards are at present free.

LADIES' HOCKEY CLUB.

ANNUAL MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The second annual general meeting of the Hongkong Ladies' Hockey Club was held at the Helena May Institute, last evening. Miss E. J. Coppin took the chair.

Of Club members, the following were present:—Mrs. H. R. Andrews, Misses E. Baker, E. Bell, I. Bell, E. J. Coppin, B. Franklin, P. Goodall, M. Hanson, E. Laign, N. McNeillie, E. O'Hagen, M. Pope, E. Russell, D. Stanion, M. Wallace, J. Whyte.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:—Captain, Mrs. H. R. Andrews; Hon. Secretary, Miss E. J. Coppin; Assistant Hon. Secretary, Miss P. Goodall; Hon. Treasurer, Miss E. R. Bell.

The accounts were read and passed, showing a balance in hand of \$21.10.

It was announced that during the year eight matches were played, of which four were won by the Club, three lost, and one drawn. In addition to matches, weekly practice games were played at Happy Valley, on the ground provided by the Hon. Mr. H. T. Jackman, Director of Public Works, to whom the Club's thanks were extended, as also to the Royal Naval Recreation Club, whose ground was used.

As regards subscription, on the Club's formation it was decided that this should be \$5 per annum (no entrance fee). At this meeting, however, it was decided that on account of increased membership a subscription of \$1 per annum, and \$1 Entrance Fee would be sufficient.

The Club will welcome the addition of still further regular playing members, whose applications may be sent to the Hon. Secretary, care of Messrs. Butterfield and Swire.

A swallow which had been marked by a Moselle miner last summer has reappeared with a note under its wing saying: "During the winter I made my nest in the home of M. Bady, in the island of Martinique, who asks me to transmit his sincere greetings to my former host."

£1,000,000 FILM.

"SUNRISE" TO BE SHOWN AT QUEEN'S.

A film without any parallel in screen history is "Sunrise," which comes to the Queen's Theatre on Tuesday next for a run of five days. Produced regardless of expense, "Sunrise" is said to have absorbed £1,000,000 in the making. Dr. Murnau, who made it, built some remarkable sets, notably one of a city market place, costing £200,000, and another of a railway station; but the strength of "Sunrise" is in its drama.

According to the *Evening Standard*, which hails the picture as the finest yet produced, Murnau uses his players more as puppets than as people. He conquers one, however, by his single-mindedness and artistic coherence. The story itself is just that of a countryman and a woman of the city who tempts him to murder his wife.

Although the film is German in spirit there is a happy ending—hence the title. The enchanting little star of "7th Heaven," Janet Gaynor, is the heroine, George O'Brien the husband, and Margaret Livingston the Woman. The photography, by the English cameraman, Charles Rosher, is superb.

LETTER GOLF.

You can't go from SOLO to chorus in letter golf, but it is fairly simple to devise a DUET after six strokes.

S	O	L	O
D	U	E	T



"Oh boy what's wrong with you?"

"The doctor told me to—"

"What did the doctor say? You'll know if you hear."

"two black crows"

MORAN AND MACK

THESE Two Black Crows are one long laugh. There has never been anything quite so funny as the whimsicalities of these two comedians. Arguing the ways and wherefore of the early film, or why white horses eat more than black horses, they are equally irresistible. Ask your dealer to let you hear their first record (Columbia No. 4441) and you'll buy all three.

Columbia New Process RECORDS

The Anderson Music Co. Ltd.

HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW?

The following are the replies to to-day's questions:—

1. The first match played on it was the M.C.C.V. Hertfordshire, on June 22, 1814. 2. In France a final edition of a book with an authoritative text. 3. Eighty. 4. Oliver Cromwell. 5. Admiral Sir Edward Montagu, afterwards Earl of Sandwich. 6. For the issue of the last section of the New Oxford Dictionary, the making of which has taken seventy years. 7. One penny. 8. The grass-hopper was the crest of Sir Thomas Graham, who built the first Royal Exchange (1571). 9. (a) Ed. Mottram; (b) Thornton Wilder. 10. That of Walter Pater's, beginning: "La Gioconda is, in the truest sense, Leonardo's masterpiece, the revealing instance of his mode of thought and work." 11. Love conquers all things. 12. Sir Walter Scott's "Old Mortality."

For TENNIS!

Or Any Other Sports.

WATER POLO

BASEBALL

HOCKEY

SQUASH

BADMINTON

and GOLF

The only Sports Service in Town.

Bring your repairs to us.

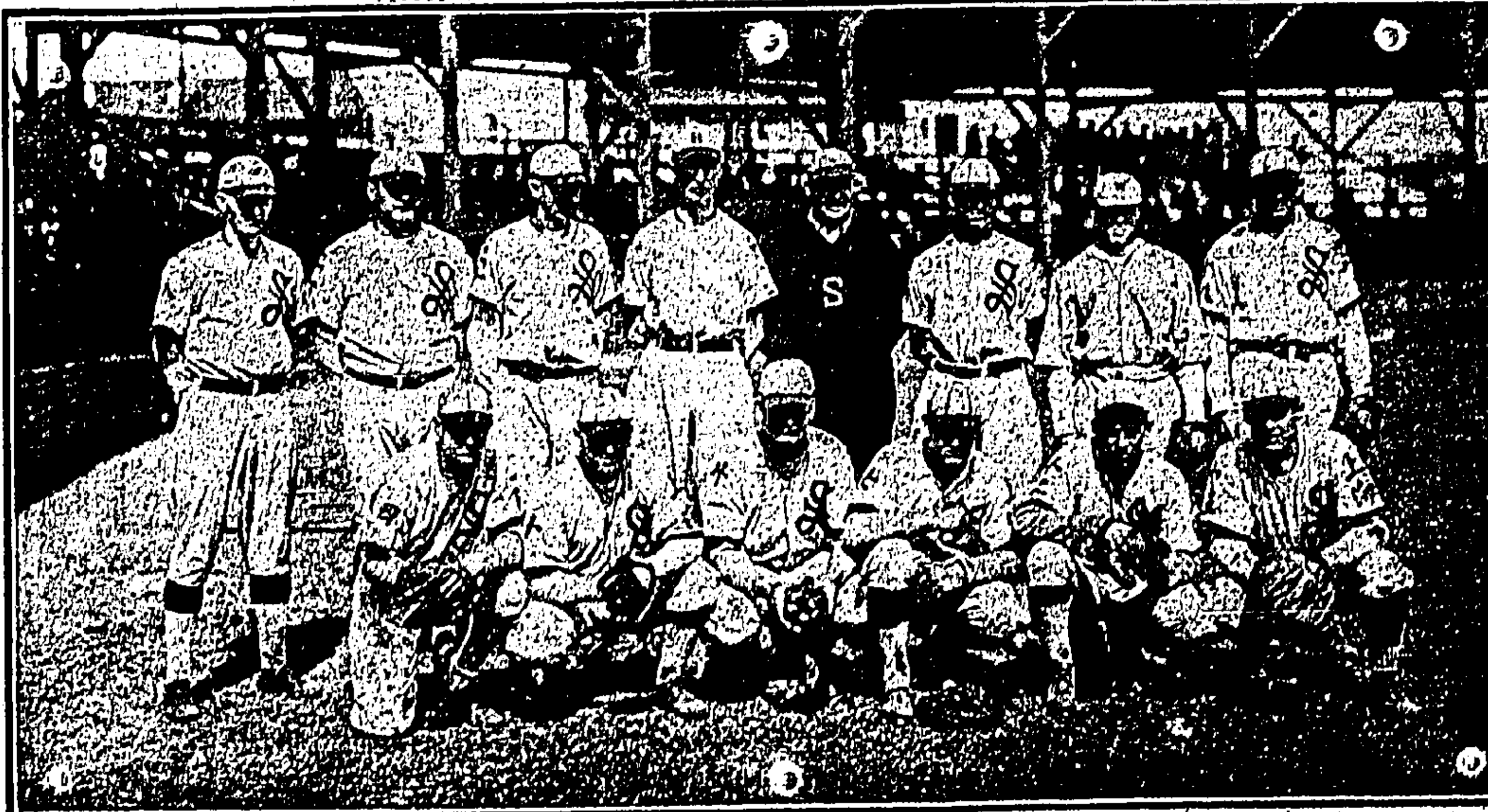


LANE CRAWFORD LTD.

MEZZANINE FLOOR

(1st stop front Lifts.)

TAKE SEVERE TRIMMING FROM NAVY TEAM.



The team of American All-Stars who were defeated to the tune of ten runs to two by the All Asiatic Fleet aggregation in the big charity baseball game at the Pioneer Field, Shanghai, in aid of the American Community Chest. From left to right they are: (standing) Gill, Lanke, Devore, Gallop (manager), Werner, Connor, Seaton; (kneeling) Surrett, Luten, June, Almond, Langley, Tavares.



NESTLÉ'S
MILK
FOOD
PERFECT NUTRIMENT FOR
INFANTS CHILDREN & INVALIDS



Sole Agents

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

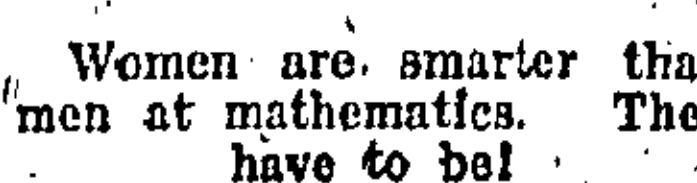
**QUICKEST SERVICE
IN
DEVELOPING, PRINTING,
AND
ENLARGING.**

(Official Photographers)
To The
"Hongkong Telegraph"
Address.
ICE HOUSE STREET.
(BEHIND HONGKONG
(ELECTRIC CO., SHOWROOM))

To begin with, Counsel was all out to agree with the other Magistrates and emphasize on the fact that any political quarrels in

The second point dealt with by counsel was the liability of the persons who circulated the documents, and on this he found that depended on the question whether

The case was adjourned until Wednesday afternoon.



Sir Charles—Can I appeal
against this?
The Magistrate—You can ap-

and
MANICURE,
2nd Floor.

Madama H. MORITA.
Madama H. AKAJI.

Romance and Mystery.

Zora, the Invisible

By J. R. WILMOT.

(Author of "The Moorcroft Manor Mystery.")

CHAPTER XV.

Circumstantial Evidence.

Peter Blayne had no flair for the utterly melodramatic. The telephone warning he had received, instead of scaring him, merely made him irritable. The persons behind all this, he told himself, were not quite so clever as they endeavoured to make themselves out to be. None of the really clever criminals he had known ever resorted to anything so amateurish as warning the police in this stupid fashion. They knew that the police as a body, or individually, were not to be intimidated by such cinema serial tactics, and most of the anonymous communications of this character received by Scotland Yard are, as often as not, consigned to oblivion and promptly forgotten.

The following morning Blayne was early at his work. He had a hospital appointment at ten, which lasted barely an hour, after which he decided to take the most obvious step in the line of his investigation and pay a morning call upon the gentleman who possessed himself of a self-contained flat at number 57, Gloucester Road, Hampstead.

Blayne had a feeling, as he walked along the road counting up the numbers of the houses, that at last he was going to find something concrete. But he was in no hurry. The trees in the gardens of the old houses were donning their green jackets. Particularly was he interested in the pale green fans of the horse chestnuts and the bursting golden racemes of the laburnums. He had always had an ardent regard for Nature, probably because she was so thorough. That was where she differed—nothing was ever left to chance.

A large, untidy woman in a rough apron was completing a vivid ochre process at the foot of the flight of stone stairs that had obviously been built into the house when the structural conversion took place. She shuffled to one side as the young man approached.

"Perhaps you can tell me if Mr. Dwyer is at home?" he questioned, quietly.

"In on the second landin', sir?" Blayne nodded.

"I suppose so, sir. I ain't seen nuffin of 'im for near a week. I did 'ear as 'ow 'e was ill, sir—a cold or somethin'."

"I hope I won't be soiling your steps," smiled Blayne.

"Lor, bless yer, sir, as if that mattered. Folks ain't no respecters of manual labour these days, sir. Twice a week I cleans them steps, sir—fifty-five of 'em—and there are some as thinks I ought to do 'em every day. But then, some folks is like that, sir—ungrateful."

Blayne climbed warily up the first flight with a feeling of guilt in his soul that he was destroying the good woman's handiwork at every step.

He paused before a door on the second landing and then knocked briskly on the curiously fashioned knocker.

A moment later the door was opened cautiously a few inches and a white face showed in the aperture thus created.

"Good morning, Mr. Dwyer," Blayne greeted cheerfully. "I thought you would like to have a chat with me."

"What do you want with me?" demanded Mr. Dwyer, morosely.

Blayne produced his card case and handed the young gentleman a card upon which he read the inscription: "Dr. Peter Blayne."

"I don't remember sending for a doctor," exclaimed Dwyer, opening the door a little wider.

"But I was told you were indisposed," protested Blayne, amused at this rather unexpected little comedy.

"Not so ill that I need a doctor," smiled the young man in the dressing gown. "But perhaps you'd better step inside, sir, now that you're here."

Blayne followed him into a neatly furnished room that looked out on to the street. It was a pleasant room, and warmed by an electric fire. Dwyer indicated an armchair, and Blayne, laying his hat and gloves on the table in the centre, murmured his thanks as he sat down.

For a moment his keen eyes searched the younger man's face. Osbert Dwyer was not bad looking, though his eyes told Blayne that he had been and still was worried about something.

His face was pale and its pallor was slightly accentuated by contrast with his dark hair and equally dark eyes. He was probably about twenty-seven, and the lack of fresh air for the past few days had given him a jaded appearance.

He was still fondling Blayne's card and his eyes kept consulting it repeatedly.

"I don't seem to have heard of you before, Dr. Blayne. Do you practice in the neighbourhood?" His voice sounded "puzzled, suspicious."

"My main headquarters are Scotland Yard, Mr. Dwyer. You probably know where that is."

Blayne's voice was almost casual, but there was a certain emphasis about it all the same.

"Scotland Yard?"

Osbert Dwyer allowed the small piece of pasteboard to flutter to the carpet from his inert fingers. His dark eyes seemed to grow wider and his pallor more pronounced.

"That is what I said," Blayne answered, calmly.

"Then you're not a doctor at all! This is a trap! A trick! I might have known that no one would ever send for a doctor for me!"

The young man's voice rose in a rapid crescendo, his hands clenched tightly, and Blayne was quick to note the tiny beads of moisture that had been conjured up on his brow.

"Calm yourself, Mr. Dwyer," commanded Blayne. "This is no time for hysterics. My card is a perfectly correct designation of my profession. The fact that I am attached to Scotland Yard under certain circumstances in no way alters my main qualifications."

There are times, Mr. Dwyer," continued Blayne, "when my dual appointment causes me no little embarrassment and I can assure you that the present is one of them."

As a medical man I am inclined to regard you in the light of a patient in need of my ministrations. At the moment your nervous energy is at a dangerously low ebb, but I perceive that your malady is more mental than physical and in that case also the attentions of a doctor can also be of some service to your general well-being. On the other hand the other part of me—the criminal investigator—prompts me to probe a little deeper into your affliction from the public point of view, for the public, you must understand, is still intrigued by the mysterious murder of Mr. Montgomery Gaynor. In that sense I have a duty to perform. Perhaps you will permit me to combine my dual role for our mutual satisfaction."

Osbert Dwyer in that moment realised that this man who sat before him was a man who had a complete command of the situation, and he must endeavour to pull himself together somewhat if he was not to make a complete hash of the whole thing.

"I apologise, Dr. Blayne," he replied, "but I am afraid that my mind has never associated the medical profession with the police."

Blayne smiled indulgently. He felt that Mr. Osbert Dwyer was not going to give him as much trouble as he had at first imagined.

"Now let us get down to fundamentals," Blayne began. "In the first place what was the object of your visit to the offices of Montgomery Gaynor Limited on the afternoon of the tragedy? I would advise you to be quite frank with me. You are in a difficult position—much more difficult than perhaps you realise—and it is only by your telling me the truth that I can arrive at anything like a true estimate of your guilt or innocence."

The young man did not reply immediately. He appeared to Blayne to be thinking out the best avenue of approach.

"Perhaps I'd better tell you the whole story, sir, but first of all I want you to get quite clear in your mind the fact that I am absolutely innocent of the crime you have mentioned."

The young man paused again and cleared his throat.

(To Be Continued.)

TO-DAY'S FILMS.

"THE BLUE DANUBE" AT THE QUEEN'S.

With a special musical accompaniment, including the beautiful waltz which inspired the production, the chief attraction at the Queen's Theatre to-day and to-morrow will be "The Blue Danube," a Continental film which features Lya Mara, the famous Viennese film star. "The Blue Danube" is a delightful story of modern Vienna, dealing with the romance of a count and a cabaret girl. The count has previously endeavoured to break off an alliance between the girl and his young brother, only to fall in love with her himself. The theme of the picture is based upon the spirit of love, life and laughter so delicately created by the master violinist, Strauss, in his ever popular waltz. Ernest Veredes appears as a young lieutenant who is not averse from a discreet flirtation and, in this role, adds considerably to the lighter side of the story.

Thrills at the World.

Warner Baxter, Billie Dove, Mary Brian and Douglas Fairbanks, Jr. are included in the cast of "The Air Mail," an exciting story of aviation which comes to the World Theatre to-day and to-morrow. Warner Baxter portrays the part of a leader of a daring criminal gang, who joins the air service with the purpose of robbing the mails, is regenerated by the spirit of the service and wins the love of a beautiful girl. Billie Dove plays the girl. In the story are two bands of crooks constantly spying on their leader, having learnt that he is about to reform, and a terrific battle takes place in the air, where the hero, against great odds, saves the mail and routs his former cronies.

Comedy at the Star.

Douglas MacLean, the popular screen comedian, will be seen in an amusing picture, "The Sunshine Trail," which comes to the Star Theatre to-day and to-morrow. The story concerns the adventures of a soldier cowboy who comes home from the war to find that he has been reported dead and that nobody will believe he is really alive. Many comical and exciting complications follow, and finally when he gets mixed up in a bank robbery, he is thrown into jail. Everything comes out all right at the end of an excellent picture. The big thrill is provided by a sensational train smash.

CURIOUS POSITION OF CREDITOR.

(Continued from Page 7.)

Russ was trying to put in a document to which he (Mr. Arculli) had previously objected before Mr. Justice Wood, who had upheld his objection.

"His Lordship—I understand it was impounded and that it has not been stamped yet."

Paltry 20 Cents.

Mr. Russ:—We can't get the stamp because the Controller, for some reason or other, won't stamp it. It will come to this, that the plaintiff through no fault of his own, for a paltry 20 cents, will be deprived of his right to obtain money which he otherwise would have had a good case.

His Lordship pointed out that Mr. Russ had further rights under the Stamp Act and said that the final appeal was to the Governor-in-Council whose decision was final.

Mr. Russ then applied for an adjournment in order to appeal to the Council.

Done Nothing in 2 Months.

Mr. Arculli, in objecting, said it was two months ago that the case was adjourned for Mr. Russ's convenience to get the document stamped.

"He has not done anything for two months and now he asks for another adjournment. It is not fair to the defendant to be dragged to court every now and again."

Mr. Russ replied that if they did not obtain leave from the Governor-in-Council to stamp the document and if his Lordship was against him (Mr. Russ) on the other points, he would give notice to Mr. Arculli that they were not going on with the case.

His Lordship said he thought the best course to take was to non-suit the plaintiff and give him liberty to bring a fresh action provided that he could get the document sufficiently stamped.

In order to get it properly stamped the defendant would have to appeal to the Governor-in-Council and if the decision was against him then the case would be at an end.

The plaintiff was accordingly non-suited with costs and leave was given to bring a fresh action within three months.

PEKING LEGATION GUARDED.

(Continued from Page 1.)

up ill-feeling among the various factions of the Nationalist Army. He says all should be on their guard against intrigue and aim at co-operation.—Yam Chung Pao.

Shansi Control.

Shanghai, June 11. Marshal Yen Shi-shan is said to be negotiating with the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce in Peking in an endeavour to persuade the merchants to accept the Treasury Bonds issued by the Shansi Government, of which Marshal Yen is Chairman.

Marshal Yen has stated that 16 full Divisions of the Shansi Army took part in the war against the Fengtien forces, and of these, six Divisions are now stationed in Peking and its suburbs.

The Anfu Party is reported to be extremely active in Tientsin in an attempt to secure an alliance with the Shansi leaders.

Mr. Wang Shih-chen, the veteran Peking politician, under whose chairmanship the Public Safety Committee was formed immediately after the evacuation of the Fengtien armies, has issued a telegram stating that as the main force of Shansi troops has arrived in Peking, he has dissolved the Public Safety Committee.

Dr. C. T. Wang.

Shanghai, June 11. Dr. C. T. Wang arrived in Shanghai on Monday.

It is stated that the date for his assumption of the office of Minister for Foreign Affairs has not been fixed.

Trouble at Wanhsten.

Naval wireless messages from Wanhsten state that there has been considerable firing in the city, but the situation is obscure. It is reported that the anti-Japanese boycott is taking a more active turn.

The Mukden Bomb Outrage.

Shanghai, June 11. In all, six bombs were thrown on Saturday night in Mukden city. Throughout the night there was heavy rain and perpetrators apparently took advantage of the darkness and quietude of the streets.

No great damage was done and order was restored immediately after the incident.

On Sunday night there was a meeting at the Japanese Consulate to discuss the situation.

Japanese police are maintaining a vigilant look-out and are patrolling Japanese residences.

Work to Do.

Shanghai, June 11. According to a report from Nanking, the Government Council yesterday afternoon discussed the resignation of Marshal Chiang Kai-shek and decided to request the generalissimo to remain in office.

Tan Yen-kai and Chang Ching-kiang called on Chiang Kai-shek yesterday and urged him not to retire from the military service as the "three Eastern provinces still remain unconquered."

The Kuomin News agency understands that Chiang Kai-shek does not intend to leave Nanking until his resignation is accepted.—Reuter.

Hsu to Go Over.

Tientsin, June 11. The situation is at present very quiet. Hsu Yuan-chun, the Assistant tungan of Chihli, yesterday afternoon issued a proclamation stating that it was his intention to go over to the South. He is reported to have hoisted the Nationalist flag over the native city. The Chinese papers deny this, stating that no party will declare its colour before the departure of Chu Yu-pu.

Skirmishes have taken place fifteen li to the north west and there is spasmodic fighting against the ships between Tangku and Tientsin.—Reuter.

Ready to Leave.

Tientsin, June 11. This afternoon the city is quiet. Many execution squads are patrolling the streets but there are no flags flying. Three troop trains and an armoured train are ready to proceed from the east station.

The afternoon papers report that the proclamation issued by the Northerners is similar to the Peking arrangements for a peaceful evacuation and occupation by the Nationalists to-morrow.

Pan-fu has left for Dairen.—Reuter.

Japanese Ship Fired on.

Toyko, June 11. According to a despatch to the Navy Office, Southerners fired on the destroyer Maki while she was steaming down the Peiho, whereupon the Maki returned the fire. As this is the second time during the last two or three days that a similar incident has occurred, the Japanese again strongly protested.—Reuter.

THE POLICE RESERVE.

ORDERS FOR CURRENT WEEK.

Hongkong Police Reserve Orders by the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G., Captain Superintendent of Police, state:

Chinese Company.

The following members of the Chinese Company have passed their examination in Part 2 of Training Course (Knowledge of Police Duties and Regulations):

Constable R.31 Kel Shun Mark passed with credit.

Constables R22 Leung Kwong Chol, R.60 Tso Kon Chai, and R.39 C.R.C. Ham passed.

All ranks of the Chinese Company, including newly joined recruits, will parade at Central Police Station on Thursday, June 14th, at 5.30 p.m. sharp for Squad Drill and Rifle Exercises (including inspection of arms) under Sergeant Condon. Dress and Equipment:—White Uniform, Cap with cover, Belt (no truncheon), Rifle and Side-arms; those not in possession of Uniform will attend in Muff.

Indian Company.

All recruits of the Indian Company will parade at Central Police Station on Thursday, June 14th at 5.30 p.m. sharp for Squad Drill under Sergeant Condon. Dress: Muff.

Flying Squad.

The weekly instructional patrol of Hongkong Section will take place on Thursday, June 14th. Fall in at the Central Police Station at 5.15 p.m. sharp. Dress: Khaki.

Sharpshooter's Company.

The regular fortnightly revolver practice will take place at Kennedy Road Range on Wednesday, June 13th at 5 p.m. Uniform optional. Members will meet at the Range with their revolvers, belts and holsters.

Police Training School.

The weekly classes at the Police Training School, Kowloon, will be held on Wednesday, June 13 at 6 p.m.

(Sgd.) W. KENT, A.S.P.

Adjutant.

HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW?

TO-DAY'S QUESTIONS.

The following general knowledge paper has been taken from the Daily Express.

Answers, for those who need them, will be found on Page 14 of this issue.

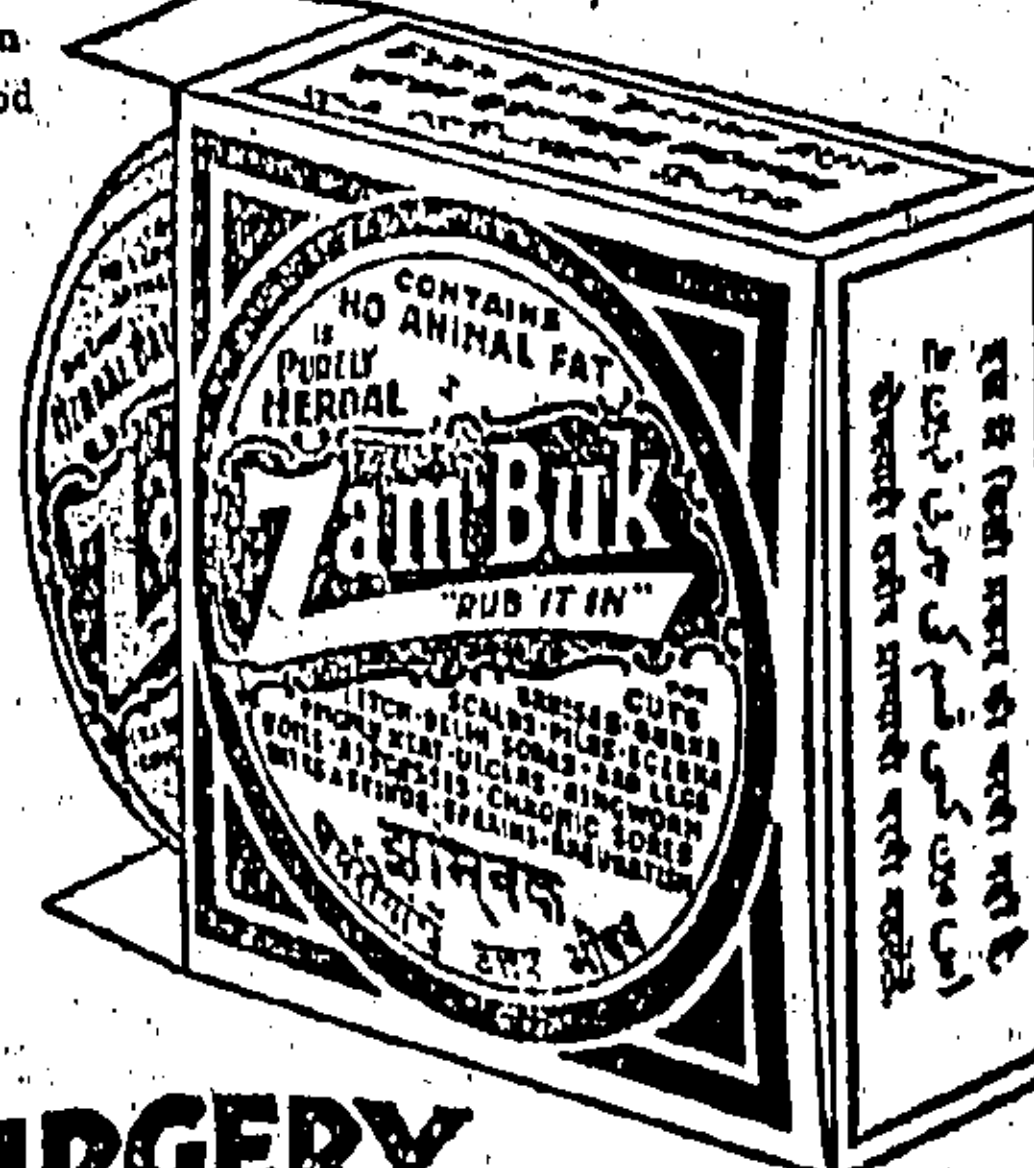
- How long has the present Lord's cricket ground been in use?
- What is an "edition definitive"?
- How many varieties of British-grown tulips were seen in London parks and gardens last month?
- Who is reported to have concluded an address to troops about to cross a river with the words: "Put your trust in God, but mind to keep your powder dry"?
- To whom does Pepys refer in his diary as "My Lord"?
- Why will Thursday, April 19, 1928, remain a memorable date in the history of the English language?
- What is the charge for admission to Kew Gardens?
- Why is there a grass-hopper over the Royal Exchange?
- Who wrote (a) The Spanish Farm Trilogy; (b) The Bridge of San Luis Rey?
- What is probably the most famous passage ever written about a picture?
- What does the following Latin phrase mean:—"Omnia vincit amor?"
- Where does the following quotation come from:—"One crowded hour of glorious life, is worth an age without a name?"

LETTER GOLF SOLUTION.

Here is the solution to the puzzle on another page.

S	O	L	O
P	O	L	O
P	O	L	L
P	U	L	L
D	U	L	L
D	U	E	L
D	U	E	T

Of all dispensaries in sealed box only.



"A SURGERY IN A TWO-INCH BOX"

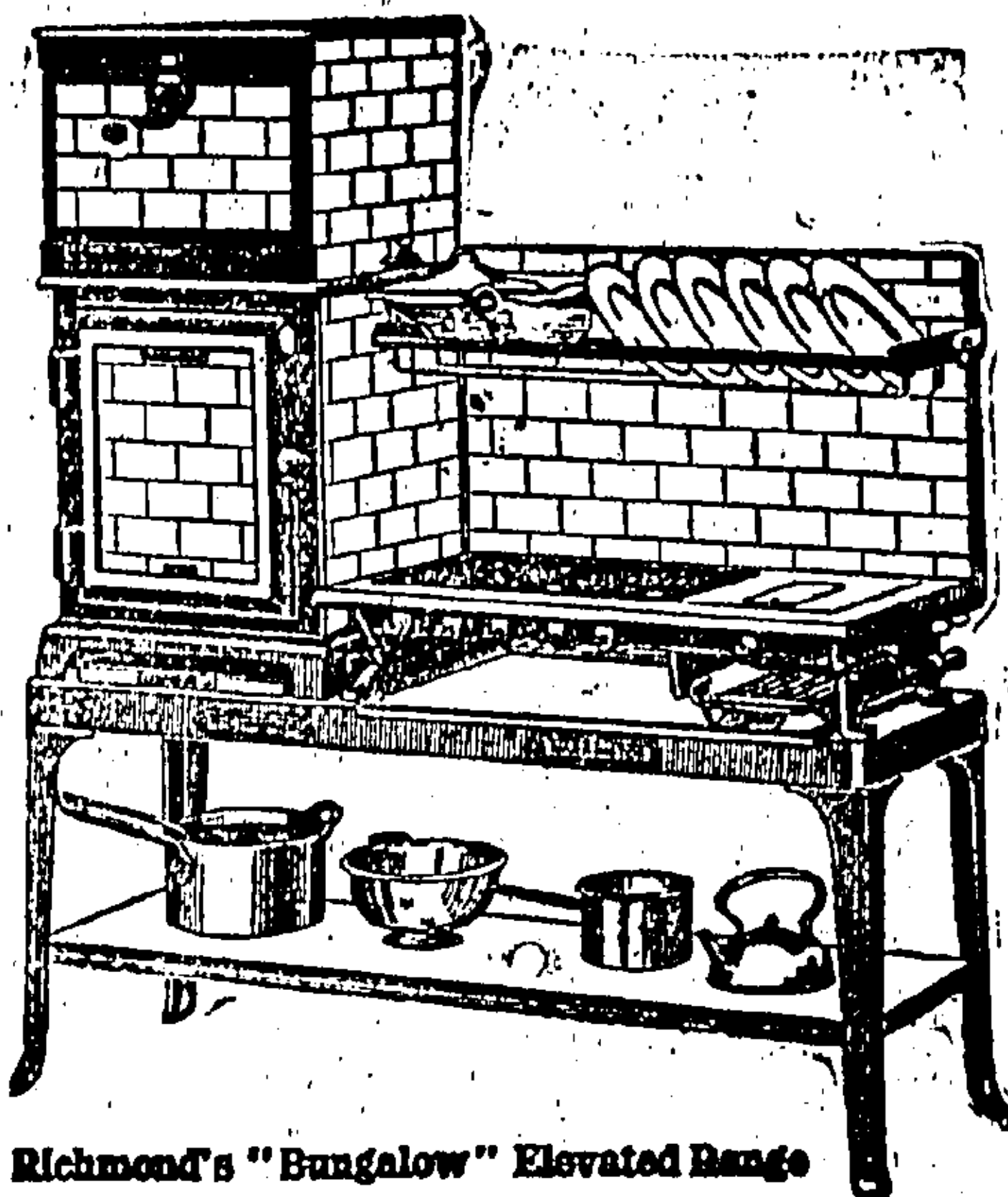
THE discovery of Zam-Buk means safer and simpler treatment for all skin diseases and injuries. This great herbal balm is soothing, healing and antiseptic. It is as useful for ridding the skin of eczema, poisoned sores, ulcers, etc., as it is for quickly healing cuts, sore feet, insect bites, burns and scalds.

Zam-Buk kills and excludes poisonous germs. It purifies sore inflamed parts and grows new healthy skin. Get Zam-Buk to-day and keep it always handy!

The World's Greatest Healer

A GAS COOKER MEANS

ECONOMY: CONVENIENCE: COMFORT.



Richmond's "Bungalow" Elevated Range

HONGKONG & CHINA GAS CO., LTD.

Phone C. 47.

Estimates Free.

Previous Records Suspended

1927

New Insurance written - - \$77,576,008.

Insurance in Force - - - 402,554,431.

Assets - - - - - 76,483,181.

Dividends to be paid

Policyholders in 1928 1,953,852.

Record Volume of New Business.

Largest Payments to Policyholders and Beneficiaries.

Increased Dividends to Policyholders.

Favorable Mortality.

Write for Copy of Annual Report

Established 1887

THE

MANUFACTURERS LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY
ARNHOLD & CO., LTD.

Agents,
French Bank Building, Hongkong.

Tel. C. 1500

DEAN INGE ON FUTURE LIFE.

NOT A PESSIMIST OVER DECAY OF BELIEF.

Dean Inge, at the Ascension Day Service in St. Paul's Cathedral, referred to a great change that had come over religious teaching in the Church of England and among Non-conformists.

Future blessing and torment, he remarked, were now rarely appealed to as motives. It was not merely the coarse threats of physical torment, once so common, were never heard, but that the whole doctrine of future compensa-

tion seemed to have lost its popularity and its cogency.

Some would attribute this to the decay of faith in a future life and even of the wish for survival. He was inclined to view the matter in a more favourable light. The substance of our belief about Heaven was the faith that what ought to be is eternally real and true, and he did not hold that this belief was growing weaker. They need not be pessimistic about the future life, because he thought very largely that belief of the right kind transferred itself to the world in which we lived, and we must not sacrifice either the present world to the next, or the next to this.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

R.M.S. "EMPRESS OF CANADA"

will sail for

VICTORIA & VANCOUVER, B.C.,

via Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama

at

DAYLIGHT

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13th, 1928.

Passenger Dept.: Tel. C. 752. Cables: "GACANPAC."
 Freight & Express: Tel. C. 42. Cables: "NAUTILUS."

American Express Travelers Cheques

Definition of TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES—

"The system of Travellers' Cheques was originated in 1891 by the American Express Company with the object of creating a form of travel currency which would give the holder the security of a letter of credit and at the same time the convenience of local currency. The Company registered the cheques under the trade name of 'AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES' the word 'Travellers' being spelled with one 'l'. The advantage of the Cheques was so apparent that other banking institutions adopted the system."

Quoted from Pittman's Dictionary of Banking by Wm. Thomson.

Issued in \$10, \$20, \$50, \$100 and \$5 and \$10 denomination—bound in a small, handy wallet and cost only 1/2 of 1 per cent. Secure your steamship tickets, hotel reservations and itineraries; or plan your cruise or tour through.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS Co., Inc.

4-A, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong.

THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VESSELS

Leading Direct For

ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG and COPENHAGEN, OSLO, GOTHENBURG.

M.V. "FORMOSA" ... 12th June
 M.V. "NANKING" ... 29th June
 M.V. "AGRA" ... 20th July
 SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS and VLADIVOSTOK.
 M.V. "AGRA" ... 16th June
 M.V. "DELHI" ... 19th June
 For further particulars apply to the Agents.

GILMAN CO., LTD.

Hongkong.

G. E. HUYGEN.

Canton.



MAIL AND CARGO STEAMERS TO AND FROM MARSEILLES, DUNKIRK, U.K. HAMBURG & ROTTERDAM.

From Marseilles
 ANGERS ... 19th June.
 PAUL LECAT ... 3rd July.
 ANDRE LEBON ... 17th July.
 CHENONCEAUX ... 31st July.

From Dunkirk, Antwerp, London
 MIN (Cargo) ... 23rd June.

For Shanghai, Japan and North China
 MEN (Cargo) ... 23rd June.

For Shanghai and Japan
 ANGERS ... 19th June.
 PAUL LECAT ... 3rd July.
 ANDRE LEBON ... 17th July.
 CHENONCEAUX ... 31st July.

For Marseilles
 D'ARTAGNAN ... 5th June.
 G. METZINGER ... 19th June.
 SPHINX ... 3rd July.
 ANGERS ... 17th July.
 PAUL LECAT ... 31st July.

For Rotterdam, Hamburg, Dunkirk
 CAPT. FAURE (Cargo) 14th June.

For full Particulars, apply to—

Cie. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

Telephones: G. 651 and 740.

2, Queen's Building.

NANKING'S REPLY.

PROMISE OF PROTECTION FOR AMERICANS.

Washington, June 6.

The State Department publishes a communication from the Nanking Foreign Minister to the United States Minister at Peking, expressing the hope that the United States troops at Tientsin will be withdrawn and giving assurances that Americans in Tientsin will not be molested.—Reuter.

The following is the reply of the Nanking Government to the American Minister's Note of the Nanking Government to the American Minister's Note of May 18. The document, which was signed by Mr. Wunz King, Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, was forwarded to Mr. E. S. Cunningham, the United States Consul-General, on June 2.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Nationalist Government has instructed me to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of May 18 transmitting a message from the American Minister to Minister Huang Fu and to request you to forward to the American Minister the following reply:

"The American Government has advised American citizens to withdraw from the theatre of hostilities and take refuge in a place of safety during the present period of military operations in China. The Nationalist Government deeply appreciates such friendly intention and satisfactory attitude on the part of the American Government and, as Your Excellency is well aware, has done all in its power to extend adequate protection to the lives and property of foreigners residing within the territory under control of the Nationalist Government.

"The Chinese people are exceedingly pleased to hear of the fair attitude adopted by the American Government and people, subsequent to the recent despatch of troops by Japan to Shantung, which suffices to indicate the inherent sense of justice of the American people which is worthy of the greatest admiration. The Nationalist Government is confident that there is not the least possibility of American residents of Tientsin being exposed to (unlawful) incident and the commanders of the Nationalist Revolutionary Forces will necessarily enforce the most rigid discipline and extend full protection to the lives and property of American residents there. It is the hope of the Nationalist Government that, in accordance with the principle of international law and in keeping with the sincerity with which the American Government has hitherto respected the territorial rights of China, Your Excellency will devise means within the shortest space of time to expedite the evacuation of Tientsin by American troops, since, in consummating the Northern expedition and the re-unification of China as a whole, the Chinese people have long had the sympathy of the American people and the withdrawal of American troops is certainly a most important step toward the realization of such

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO. LTD. COPENHAGEN

The Motor Vessel, "SIAM," having arrived, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Godowns of the Godown and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd., where delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns and all goods remaining undelivered after the 18th June, 1928, at 4 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined by Messrs. Anderson & Ash on the 16th June, 1928, at 10 a.m.

All claims against the vessel must be presented to the undersigned before the 21st June, 1928, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bill of Lading will be countersigned by JOHN MANNERS & CO. LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1928.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

NANKING DELEGATION VISITS INSTITUTE.

Lyons, June 11. Li Yu-sing, a member of the Control Committee, and Tsu Zeng-yung, of the Executive Committee, of the Kuomintang, with several University personalities from Nanking, visited the Franco-Chinese Institute, where they were received by the Rector of Medicine of the University and examined the means to develop Franco-Chinese intellectual relations.

Li Yu-sing, speaking afterwards before the Chinese Colony, exhibited France's democratic and peaceful spirit, adding that the Nanking Government expects that France will afford the engineers, professors and technicians required for China's reconstruction.—Reuter.

LAND SALE.

DR. F. H. KEW PURCHASES A HAPPY VALLEY LOT.

For the sum of \$22,700, Dr. F. H. Kew, the local dentist, purchased a piece of land at Happy Valley yesterday afternoon when Mr. H. West offered by public auction, at the P. W. D. offices, Inland Lot No. 2,768, situate at Wongninchong Road.

The lot has an area of 6,160 square feet and is that piece of land lying between the French Convent on the north and Inland Lot No. 1484 on the south. The bidding was started at \$16,940 with increases of \$50 being accepted. The majority of the bids, however, were of \$100 each and at \$22,700 the lot was knocked down to Dr. Kew.

aspirations on our part and an evidence of the fulfilment of the traditional friendly policy of the United States Government toward China." It is hoped that you will kindly transmit the above. With my compliments. (Signed) Wunz King.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD. And CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Steamer, "MENTOR"

From UNITED KINGDOM via SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified that the cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 11th June.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends. All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 18th June, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 2nd July or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1928.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD. And CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Steamer, "RHEXENOR"

From UNITED KINGDOM and CONTINENTAL PORTS via SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified that the cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 11th June.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends. All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 18th June, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 2nd July or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1928.

JAPANESE ELECTION.

MINSEITO PARTY MAKES CONSIDERABLE GAIN.

Tokyo, June 11.

As a result of the Tokyo prefectural election the Minseito Party gained 46 seats, the Seiyukai 34, others five, including one proletarian. Previously the Seiyukai majority was thirteen seats, consequently the result is considered significant as on the first opportunity the public have expressed their opinion of the Seiyukai cabinet since the general election.—Reuter.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE
 "ANTENOR" 13th June. M'les, London, R'dam & Glasgow
 "DIOMED" 26th June. M'les, London, R'dam & Hamburg
 "HECTOR" 11th July. M'les, London, R'dam & Glasgow
 *Calls at Casablanca.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE
 "GAFNA" 20th June. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
 "RHEXENOR" 20th July. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE
 via Kobe & Yokohama
 "PROTESILAU" 14th July. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle
 "TYNDAREUS" 23rd June. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

NEW YORK SERVICE
 "HELENUS" 20th June. New York, Boston & Baltimore
 "DARDANUS" 27th July. Boston, New York & Baltimore

PASSENGER SERVICE
 "ANTENOR" 13th June. Singapore, Marseilles & London
 "HECTOR" 11th July. Singapore, Marseilles & London

OUTWARD SERVICE
 "DARDANUS" 14th June. Shanghai & Hankow
 "ANTIOCHUS" 29th June. Shanghai, Taik & Dairen

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.
 For freight, passage rates, and information apply to—
Butterfield & Swire, Agents.



"And I'm here to tell you that I've traveled quite a few thousand miles by water and I have yet to enjoy more genuine consideration for the passenger than one gets on the President Liners. The ship's officers do everything possible to make your voyage pleasant and the service the boys give you is a rare treat."

Weekly Trans-Pacific Service

To San Francisco and Los Angeles To Seattle and Victoria
 The Sunshine Belt via Honolulu The Short, Straight Route to America
 Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays Fortnightly sailings on Wednesdays
 Pres. Pierce Tues., June 19, 10 a.m. Pres. Jackson Tues., June 26th
 Pres. Taft Tues., July 3rd Pres. McKinley Tues., July 10th
 Pres. Jefferson Tues., July 17th Pres. Grant Tues., July 24th
 Pres. Lincoln Tues., July 31st Pres. Cleveland Tues., Aug. 7th

£120, £112 Special through rates to Europe via United States. Direct connections with all Atlantic lines. Choice of rail lines across United States and Canada, liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing.

Europe and New York Direct

ROUND THE WORLD
 Fortnightly sailings on Sunday via Manila, Straits, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.
 Pres. Hayes Sun., Jun. 17, 8 a.m. Pres. Garfield Sun., July 29, 8 a.m.
 Pres. Polk Sun., July 1, 8 a.m. Pres. Harrison Sun., Aug. 12, 8 a.m.
 Pres. Adams Sun., July 15, 8 a.m. Pres. Monroe Sun., Aug. 23, 8 a.m.

To Manila
 Pres. Hayes June 17th, 8 a.m. Pres. Polk July 1st, 8 a.m.
 Pres. Jackson June 19th, 6 p.m. Pres. McKinley July 3rd, 6 p.m.
 Pres. Taft June 23rd, 6 p.m. Pres. Jefferson July 7th, 6 p.m.

For Bookings, Passenger and Freight Information apply to
 Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Building, Ground Floor
 Telephone Central 2477, 2478 and 795
 Cable Address "Dollar"

American Mail Line and Dollar Steamship Line

CANTON BRANCH:—403, Ka Naam Tong Building.

BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT ... ELLERMAN LINE
 "CITY OF CARLSLE" Mar'les, Havre, London, R'dam & Hamburg ... 24th June.
 "CITY OF TOKIO" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 25th July.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE
 "CITY OF NEWCASTLE" ... via Suez Canal ... 12th June.
 "CITY OF OSAKA" ... via Suez Canal ... 13th July.
 "CITY OF EVANSVILLE" ... via Suez Canal ... 10th August.

ALSO AGENTS FOR

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

SERVICES TO:

BOSTON & NEW YORK ... AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE
 "TORRESHANK" ... via Suez Canal ... 6th July.
 MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA ... ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE
 "TINHOW" ... 7th August.

Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel, and Bay of Delagoa.
 Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Tlo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For freight or passage on any of the above lines apply to—
 Telephone Central 4701.

THE BANK LINE, Ltd.

HOTELS.

THE HONGKONG

HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL; PEAK HOTEL.
Telegraphic Address: "KREMLIN, HONGKONG."

AND SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL; PALACE HOTEL;
MAJESTIC HOTEL.
Telegraphic Address: "CENTRAL, SHANGHAI."

HOTELS.
LIMITED.

In association with the Grand Hotel
Des Wagons Lits, Peking.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Most Modern and Central Hotel in the Colony, all Bed Rooms
newly renovated and installed with Box Spring Beds, Hot and Cold
Water, also Telephone.

Ten Dances:

Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 5 to 7 p.m.

Hotel launch meets all steamers.

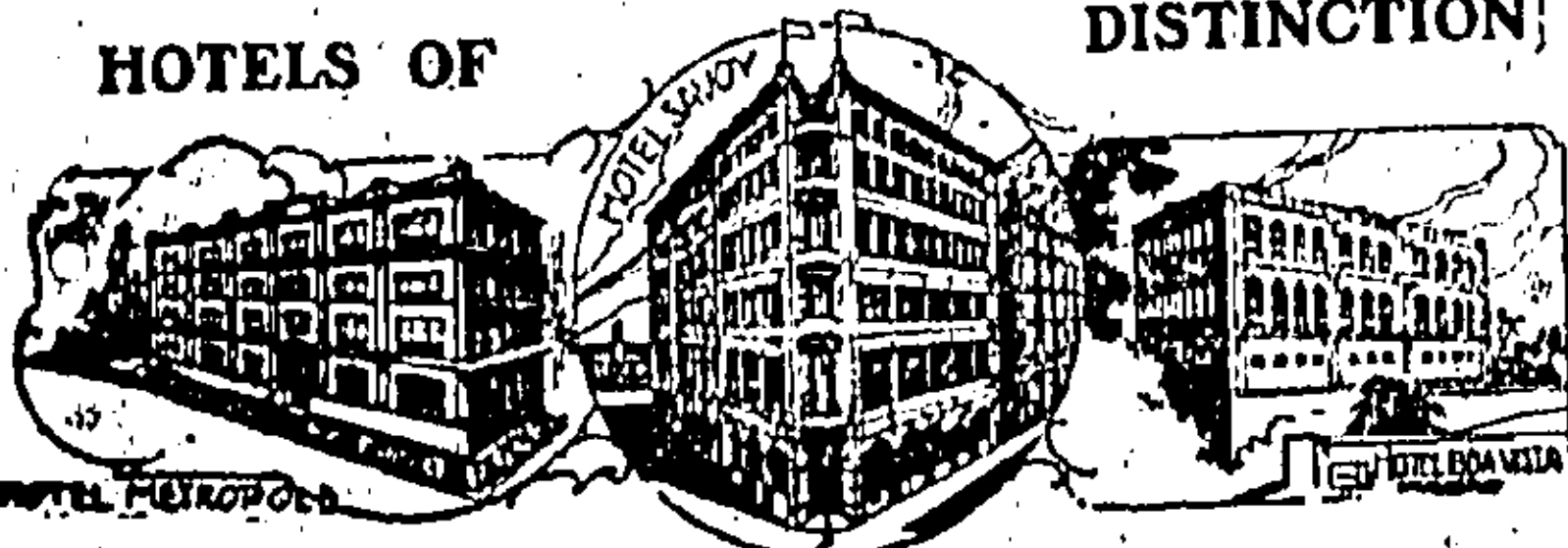
(\$25 for thirty Tiffin Tickets can be had at the Office of the above

Hotel.)
Tel. Add: "Victoria."

Telephone C. 878
J. H. WITCHELL,
Manager.

HOTELS OF

DISTINCTION



METROPOLE-SAVOY-BOA VISTA

KOWLOON HOTEL
KOWLOON.

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.
Daily from \$ 5.00
Monthly from \$125.00

Under the Personal Supervision and Attention of

Mr. & Mrs. H. J. WHITE.
Cables "Kowlootel"
Phone Nos. K. 608 & K. 609. Hongkong.

PALACE HOTEL.

Tel. Kowloon No. 8. Tel. Address "PALACE."
Three minutes from Kowloon Wharf, Ferry and Railway Station.
Electric Light and Fan throughout.
Every Room with Private Bath. Lounge, Bar and Billiard-Rooms.
Unrivalled Cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress.
Furnishings moderate. Special terms to families on application to:
Mrs. J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietress.

EUROPE

Cables: "EUROPE"
Singapore.

HOTEL

SINGAPORE.

After-dinner
dancing every

Tuesday, Thursday
and Saturday.

Grill

THE EUROPE HOTEL LTD.

Arthur E. Odell, Managing Director.

THE HOTEL RIVIERA
MACAO

Cable Address: "RIVIERA, MACAO"

EMBODYING THE
LUXURIES OF MODERN HOTEL
CONSTRUCTION

THE FINAL EXPRESSION
OF COMFORT AND
SERVICE

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by ALFRED MOULTON,
at 1 and 8, Wyndham Street, in the City of Victoria Hongkong.

BUFFALO CHARGES
INTO RICKSHA.EUROPEAN LADY'S LUCKY
ESCAPE.

A peculiar accident happened
yesterday afternoon in Salisbury
Road, Kowloon, when a water buff-
alo charged into a ricksha pro-
ceeding in the direction of the Star
Ferry wharf.

The animal was being led along
Salisbury Road when it took fright
at the approach of several mules
carts and broke away from its
lead.

The ricksha at the time of the
incident had as occupant a Euro-
pean lady, who, however, escaped
with minor injuries. The ricksha,
according to a report made to the
police, was badly damaged.

COOLIE STOWAWAYS.

STOLE PASSAGE FROM
SINGAPORE.

Two Chinese coolies from Singa-
pore appeared before Mr. W. Scho-
field, at the Kowloon Magistracy
this morning, charged with stowing
away on board the s.s. Cremer,
which arrived in port this morning.
The first defendant said he pro-
duced \$4 to pay for his passage
when he was asked for his ticket
but this was stated to be insuf-
ficient. The second defendant
pleaded guilty.

It was stated that the defendants
were found among the steerage
passengers without any tickets.
The fare from Singapore to Hong-
kong was \$17.

Accepting the first defendant's
statement as an admission, his Wor-
ship imposed fines of \$30, or one
month's hard labour each.

MURDER OF POLICE
CONSTABLE.BROWNE AND KENNEDY
HANGED.

London, May 31.
Frederick Guy Browne and Wil-
liam Kennedy were hanged to-day.
Browne and Kennedy, who were
charged with the murder of the
Police Constable Cutcliffe on a
lonely road in Essex last Septem-
ber, were on April 27th found
guilty and sentenced to death.

SOVIET PLOTS IN
BRITAIN.

(Continued from Page 1.)

several times, as through any
other bank, before passing into
the hands of the person in whose
possession it was found?

Sir W. Joynton-Hicks:—I have
answered the question. It is not
for me to explain what the ques-
tion means. The question asked
whether certain notes had been
found and whether they had been
traced to a Russian bank. That is
correct.

Recently Issued.

Mr. Saklatvala:—I hope the
Home Secretary does not want to
be an instrument for the spreading
of untruth. Does the mean that
the note was traced back imme-
diately to the Russian bank before
it came to the culprit, or does he
mean that it was also in the
Russian bank just as much as it
was in two dozen other banks
before it came to the culprit?

Sir W. Joynton-Hicks:—If Mr.
Saklatvala can tell me that it
passed through two dozen banks
between its issue by the Russian
bank and its receipt by the culprit,
I shall be prepared to consider the
information which he gives. I
am satisfied that the note found in
the possession of the gun-man
had quite recently been issued by
the Russian bank.

"I am satisfied," the Home
Secretary added, "that the in-
formation is thoroughly accurate,
and can be substantiated in every
detail."

Subsiding of Crime.

Sir William Joynton-Hicks,
speaking at Leamington later, re-
ferred to the action of the Russian
Government in regard to certain
recent events in this country.

"I was asked in the House,"
said Sir William, "whether it was
not a fact that on one of the Irish
gun-men recently arrested in Lon-
don money which came from a
Soviet bank was found. I had to
say it was true. We are asked to
put up with the subsiding of crime
by a Russian bank in this country."

"I have the most complete
evidence in my possession that a
large number of Treasury notes
issued by a Russian bank in this
country has passed into the pos-
session of the Communist Party
and through them to Communist
organisers in all parts of Great
Britain. There is a direct chain
from the Russian bank to Com-
munist agitators in all the great
cities in this land."

CHINESE FOR THE
U. S. A.SMUGGLING AGENCY IN
SINGAPORE.

POLICE DISCOVERY.

A sensational discovery, and one
that will be very welcome to the
U.S. immigration authorities, has
been made by the Singapore police,
who have unearthed what appears
to have been a well-organised
agency for smuggling Chinese
from this port into America.

The fee charged was \$2,300 gold,
and it is believed that the agency
has flourished for a number of
years.

Remarkable documents have
been found during a raid on a
Chinatown house. The raid was
the sequel to a discovery at Port
Said. On the arrival there from
Singapore of an American bound
vessel a number of Chinese stow-
aways were found on board. The
men said they had boarded the
vessel at Singapore, and they were
accordingly transferred to a
Singapore bound vessel.

Apparently as that stage there
was no suspicion that the men
were anything but stowaways in
the ordinary way. The circum-
stances of their return to Singa-
pore, however, led to their being
closely questioned by the local
police, who had begun to suspect
that something was wrong. The
men, however, would say nothing,
and they were released.

Confession to Police.

Having failed in their objective,
these Chinese went to their agency
friend and demanded the return of
their money, but this man refused
to pay. Foiled in their attempt to
get back their money, they went
to the police officer who had pre-
viously questioned them, and de-
clared their willingness to speak.

They had been put on board this
ship, they explained, by persons
who, for the sum of \$2,300 gold, to
be paid by each of them, promised
to land them in the United States.
They were hidden in the hold of
the vessel at Singapore, and were
later transferred to more confined
quarters in another part of the
vessel. There they remained all
the time they were on board. It
was deep down in the ship, and
the danger of fire precluded the
use of a light. In the Red Sea the
heat became unbearable and
rather than remain any longer in
their cramped quarters, the men
gave themselves up.

Agent in America.

It is said that the police raid
has produced evidence that sup-
ports the men's story, and that the
plan included the co-operation of
a person or persons on board the
selected vessel, whose business it
would have been to baffle the vigi-
lance of the United States
immigration authorities when the
ship arrived in an American port.
The sum of \$2,300 gold was to be
paid in cash if possible. If by
instalments, then as high a first
payment was demanded as the
individual was able to pay. The
balance was to be paid in instal-
ments in the United States. The
payment of the instalments in the
United States, it was disclosed by
the police raid, was arranged for in
written agreements to which the
individual's photograph was affix-

BRITAIN MAINTAINS
STAND.EIGHT-HOURS CONVENTION
TOO AMBIGUOUS.

Geneva, June 11.

In the course of the Labour
Conference when the question of
the non-ratification of the
Washington Eight-Hours Con-
vention was again discussed, Mr. H.
Wolfe, the British Government de-
legate, declared that his Govern-
ment honestly believed that the
revision of the Convention was the
only true solution of the
difficulty.

The British Government never
had challenged and never would
challenge the principles under-
lying the Convention.

Mr. Wolfe then made a formal
declaration of British policy to
the effect that the British
Government desired as a means of
ensuring progress to define the
Washington principles more pre-
cisely, thus laying the basis of
attaining international action
which was practicable.—Reuter.

SMUGGLED LETTERS.

CHINESE TRADER FINED AT
KOWLOON.

A fine of \$30 was imposed by Mr.
W. Schofield, at the Kowloon Magis-
tracy this morning, on a Chinese
trader who was charged with un-
lawfully bringing 15 letters into
the Colony for delivery.

Sergeant Fowle said the defend-
ant was arrested at the Kowloon
Railway Station carrying a parcel,
which contained the letters. They
mostly bore addresses of individuals
and firms in Hongkong.

In reply to his Worship, Ser-
geant Fowle said the smuggling of
letters was not a very common of-
fence.

MAILS FOR HONGKONG.

FOUR BAGS FROM ITALY
DESTROYED.

The Hongkong Post Office notifies
that four bags of mail from Italy
for Hongkong were destroyed
when the postal car on which they
were being conveyed from Alexan-
dria to Port Said caught fire.

These mails were received at
Alexandria from Naples on 8th
May, and would probably have
contained correspondence posted in
Italy between the 29th April and
the 6th May.

"FAIR TO RAIN."

To-day's Observatory report
states:—Pressure is high to the
north-east of Japan. A depres-
sion is central over the Lower
Yangtze Valley. The forecast up
to noon to-morrow is:—West or
variable winds, moderate; fair to
rain.

ed, and the money was to be
collected at the other end by an
authorised and named agent of
the Singapore agency.

The police found in the raided
premises eleven more Chinese wait-
ing to be shipped. One of the two
arrested men is said to be the
principal, and the other his clerk.

LATEST SONG & DANCE HITS FOR QUEEN'S.



Eleanore Ninn and Leo Martin, famous revue artists
direct from L'Abbaye, Paris, and The Knickerbocker, Monte
Carlo, who will present the latest song and dance hits at the
9.20 performance at the Queen's Theatre, each night from
Thursday to Saturday, when the movie attraction will be the
screen version of Sir James Barrie's famous play, "Quality
Street." Advance booking is now open at the Queen's.

Glorious Waltz Romancel—

A DELIGHTFUL story of life and love
and laughter in gay Vienna before the
war, based on the most popular waltz ever
written!

The BLUE
DANUBE

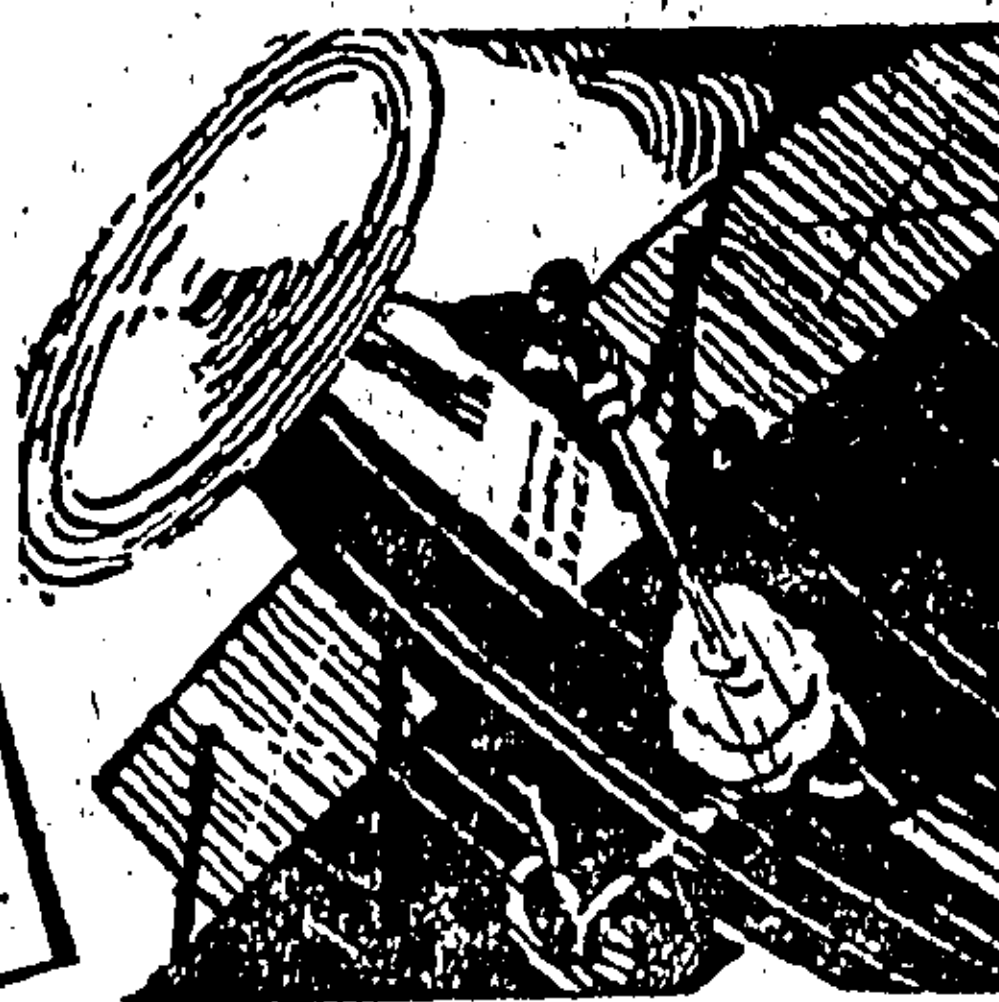
THE CHARMING love story of a count
and a cabaret girl in Vienna, where
the Blue Danube flows. A film as joyous
as the famous waltz which inspired it.
Produced on a big scale with a notable cast!

SPECIAL ORCHESTRAL EFFECTS

AT THE
QUEEN'S TO-DAY and
TO-MORROW
At 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30.

THRILLS
AND
ROMANCE

WITH
WARNER
BAXTER
BILLIE
DOVE
MARY
BRIAN
DOUGLAS
FAIRBANKS



"The Air Mail"

An exciting story of the daring men who pilot the mail planes
through a thousand dangers!

AT THE
WORLD TO-DAY and
TO-MORROW
Orchestra 5.15 & 9.30. Interceptor 2.30 & 7.15.

A laugh in
every mile!

"The
Sunshine
Trail"

With
DOUGLAS
MACLEAN

THE COMEDY
of a "dead" man
who came back
with extremely
startling results!



AT THE
STAR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
Continuous 2.30 to 11.15.